

SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

SDS n°: FP16594 POLYCOR LP BR Page 1/26

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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name

Chemical Name Gel Coat polyester for composites.

POLYCOR LP BR

Trade name POLYCOR LP BR;POLYCOR LP BR LV;POLYCOR LP BR LV2;POLYCOR LP BR

HV;POLYCOR LP PTY;POLYCOR LP BR FC;POLYCOR LP BR IHB;POLYCOR LP BR AD;POLYCOR TOPCOAT LP BR;POLYCOR TOPCOAT LP BR LV;POLYCOR LP BR LV AD;POLYCOR LP BR LV FC;POLYCOR TOPCOAT LP BR HV;POLYCOR LP BR LV FC;POLYCOR LP BR LV IHB;POLYCOR TOPCOAT LP BR LV

FC2;POLYCOR LP BR LV IHB;POLYCOR TOPCOAT LP BR LV IHB;POLYCOR TOPCOAT LP BR IHB;POLYCOR LP BR LV2 FC;POLYCOR LP BR LV2 FC AD;POLYCOR TOPCOAT LP SLV;POLYCOR TOPCOAT LP BR LV2 FC;POLYNT

WHITE BRUSH GELCOAT; POLYNT CLEAR BRUSH GELCOAT

Pure substance/mixture Mixture

Unique Formula Identifier (UFI) KFE1-H074-H009-QE2G

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

for food contact application.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Polynt Composites France S.A.

Route d'Arras CS 50019 62320 Drocourt, France Tel : (+33) 3 21 74 84 00 - Fax : (+33) 3 21 49 55 84

Polynt S.p.A.

Via Enrico Fermi, 51 24020 Scanzorosciate (BG), Italy Tel: (+39) 035 652 111 - Fax: (+39) 035 652 421

Polynt Composites Spain, S.L.U.

Avenida República Argentina S/N 09200 Miranda de Ebro - Burgos, Spain

Tel: (+34) 947 027 202 - Fax: (+34) 947 31 45 40

Polynt Composites Poland Sp. z o.o.

ul. Grabska 11d, 32-005 Niepołomice, Poland Tel: (+48) 12 281 42 00 - Fax: (+48) 12 281 42 01

Polynt Composites Norway AS

Lilleborggata 4, 1630 Gamle Fredrikstad, Norway Tel: (+47) 693 570 00 - Fax: (+47) 693 570 01

Polynt Composites Stallingborough UK Ltd.

Laporte Road, Stallingborough - Near Grimsby North East Lincolnshire DN41 8DR,

United Kingdom

Tel: (+44) 1469 552 570 - Fax: (+44) 1469 552 597

The supplier of the product is, among those indicated above, the one identified on the label and / or in the sales documents

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For further information, please contact

E-mail address sdsregulatory@polynt.com Internet Address http://www.polynt.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

This telephone number is available 24 hours per day, 7 days per week.					
Europe :	+44 1235 239 670				
Middle East/Africa:	+44 1235 239 671				
East/South East Asia :	+65 3158 1412				
America :	+1 215 207 0061				

Poison Information Centre telephone number

European emergency phone number: 112

UK : National Poisons Emergency Number : 0344 892 0111

Ireland : National Poisons Information Centre (NPIC)Telephone Healthcare

Professionals: +353 (01) 809 2566. (24 hour service) Telephone Members of Public:

+353 (01) 809 2166. (8.00 a.m. to 10.00 p.m. 7 days a week)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification of the substance or mixture - GHS/CLP (n° 1272/2008)

Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Category 2 - (H315)
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Category 2 - (H319)
Reproductive Toxicity	Category 2 - (H361d)
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure)	Category 3 - (H335)
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Category 1 - (H372)
Chronic Aquatic Toxicity	Category 3 - (H412)
Flammable liquids	Category 3 - (H226)

2.2. Label elements

Contains Styrene







Signal word

Danger

Hazard statements

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

H361d - Suspected of damaging the unborn child

H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour

Physical hazards **EU H -Phrases**

EUH208 - Contains phthalic anhydride, cobalt octoate. May produce an allergic reaction

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Precautionary statements

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges

P260 - Do not breathe vapour

P273 - Avoid release to the environment

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for

breathing

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

2.3. Other hazards

PBT/vPvB see section 12.5.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Hazardous components

Chemical Name	EC-No	REACH Registration Number	CAS-No	Weight percent	GHS Classification	M-Factor (chronic)	
Styrene	202-851-5	01-2119457861-32	100-42-5	30 - 35	Flam. Liq. 3 (H226) Repr. 2 (H361d) Acute Tox. 4 (H332) Skin Irrit. 2 (H315) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) Asp. Tox. 1 (H304) STOT SE 3 (H335) STOT RE 1 (H372) Aquatic Chronic 3 (H412)		
Talc	238-877-9	01-2120140278-58	14807-96-6	4 - 7	-		
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free	231-545-4	01-2119379499-16	112945-52-5	4 - 7	-		
Titanium dioxide	236-675-5	01-2119489379-17	13463-67-7	3 - 6	-		
phthalic anhydride	201-607-5	01-2119457017-41	85-44-9	0.1 - < 1	Acute Tox. 4 (H302) Skin Irrit. 2 (H315) Skin Sens. 1 (H317) Eye Dam. 1 (H318) Resp. Sens. 1 (H334) STOT SE 3 (H335)		
(2-methoxymethyletho xy)propanol	252-104-2	01-2119450011-60	34590-94-8	0.1 - < 1	-		
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes	232-315-6	01-2119488076-30	8002-74-2	0.1 - < 1	-		
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	919-446-0	01-2119458049-33	64742-82-1	0.1 - < 0.25	Flam. Liq. 3 (H226) Asp. Tox. 1 (H304) STOT SE 3 (H336) STOT RE 1 (H372) Aquatic Chronic 2 (H411) (EUH066)	0	

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cobalt octoate	205-250-6	01-2119524678-29	136-52-7	0.01 - < 0.1	Skin Sens. 1A	1	
					(H317)		
					Eye Irrit. 2 (H319)		
					Repr. 1B (H360Fd)		
					Aquatic Acute 1		
					(H400)		
					Aquatic Chronic 3		
					(H412)		
					, ,		

Additional information

Acute Toxicity Estimate See Section 11 for more information

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General advice Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray

Eye Contact Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water, also under the eyelids.

Keep eye wide open while rinsing. If symptoms persist, call a physician

Skin contactWash off immediately with soap and plenty of water removing all contaminated clothes

and shoes

If skin irritation persists, call a physician

Inhalation Move to fresh air

If not breathing, give artificial respiration

Consult a physician

Ingestion Do NOT induce vomiting

Rinse mouth. Consult a physician

See section 8 for more information

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Eye Contact Irritating to eyes

Skin contact Irritating to skin

May produce an allergic reaction.

Inhalation Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation

Irritating to respiratory system May produce an allergic reaction.

Ingestion Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician No information available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Dry chemical, Foam, Carbon dioxide (CO 2), (closed systems)

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not be Used for Safety Reasons

Extinguishing Media Which Must Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

itself, combustion products, resulting gases

Special exposure hazards arising Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Most vapours are heavier than air. They from the substance or preparation will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks) Heating or fire can release toxic gas: Carbon monoxide

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit.

Other information Cool containers / tanks with water spray.

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in

accordance with local regulations.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Personal precautions

Remove all sources of ignition Heat, flames and sparks.

Take precautionary measures against static charges.

Ensure adequate ventilation Use personal protective equipment

For emergency responders

Avoid breathing vapours or mists In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe

fumes. Use personal protective equipment

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions

The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil.

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up

Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to

local / national regulations (see section 13)

Use clean non-sparking tools to collect absorbed material

6.4. Reference to other sections

See section 8 for more information

See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid static electricity build up with connection to earth Precautions for safe handling

> Use only in area provided with appropriate exhaust ventilation In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment

For personal protection see section 8

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition Empty containers Prevention of fire and explosion

may contain flammable or explosive vapours

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Hygiene measures When using, do not eat, drink or smoke Wash hands before breaks and at the end of

workday. Provide regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures/Storage

conditions

Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep at temperature not exceeding 30°C Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Materials to avoid Strong oxidizing agents, Catalyst, Peroxides, Reducing agents

Packageing material metallic GRP Tanks (Reinforced Glass Polyester)

Unsuitable materials for containers copper, Copper alloys, Bronze, Zinc

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) No information available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational Exposure limits

Chemical Name	European Union	ACGIH OEL (Ceiling)	The United Kingdom	Ireland
Styrene 100-42-5	-	ACGIH (2020): TLV-TWA: 10 ppm TLV-STEL/C: 20 ppm Notes: OTO, A3, BEI Critical effects: CNS and hearing impairment, URT irr, peripheral neuropathy visual disorders	STEL 250 ppm STEL 1080 mg/m³ TWA 100 ppm TWA 430 mg/m³	TWA 20 ppm TWA 85 mg/m³ STEL 40 ppm STEL 170 mg/m³
Talc 14807-96-6		TWA 2 mg/m³	STEL 3 mg/m³ TWA 1 mg/m³	TWA 10 mg/m³ TWA 0.8 mg/m³
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7		TWA 10 mg/m ³	STEL 30 mg/m³ STEL 12 mg/m³ TWA 10 mg/m³ TWA 4 mg/m³	TWA 10 mg/m³ TWA 4 mg/m³
phthalic anhydride 85-44-9		TWA 1 ppm	STEL 12 mg/m³ TWA 4 mg/m³ Sen+	TWA 4 mg/m³ STEL 12 mg/m³ Sensitizer
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)pr opanol 34590-94-8	TWA 50 ppm TWA 308 mg/m³ S*	TWA 100 ppm	STEL 150 ppm STEL 924 mg/m³ TWA 50 ppm TWA 308 mg/m³ Skin	TWA 50 ppm TWA 308 mg/m³ Skin
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes 8002-74-2		TWA 2 mg/m ³	STEL 6 mg/m³ TWA 2 mg/m³	TWA 2 mg/m³ STEL 6 mg/m³
cobalt octoate 136-52-7		0.02 mg/m³	STEL 0.3 mg/m³ TWA 0.1 mg/m³ Sen+	TWA 0.1 mg/m³ Sensitizer

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Biological standards

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)						
Styrene (100-42-5)						
Туре	DNEL oral	DNEL dermal	DNEL inhalation	Remark		
Workers - Long Term - Systemic effect		406 mg/Kg bw/day	85 mg/m ³			
Workers - Acute Short Term - Local effect			306 mg/m ³			

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Workers - Acute Short term - Systemic effect			289 mg/m ³	
General Population - Acute Short Term - Local effect			182.7 mg/m³	
General Population - Acute Short Term - Systemic effect			174.2 mg/m ³	
General Population - Long Term - Systemic effect	2.1 mg/Kg bw/day	343 mg/Kg bw/day	10.2 mg/m ³	

Talc (14807-96-6)						
Туре	DNEL oral	DNEL dermal	DNEL inhalation	Remark		
Workers - Acute Short term - Systemic effect			2.16 mg/m ³			
Workers - Acute Short Term - Local effect			3.6 mg/m³			
Workers - Long Term - Systemic effect		43.2 mg/kg bw/day	2.16 mg/m ³			
Workers - Long Term - Local effect		4.54 mg/cm ²	3.6 mg/m³			
General Population - Acute Short Term - Systemic effect			1.08 mg/m³			
General Population - Acute Short Term - Local effect			1.8 mg/m³			
General Population - Long Term - Systemic effect	160 mg/kg bw/day	21.6 mg/kg bw/day	1.08 mg/m³			
General Population - Long Term - Local effect		2.27 mg/cm ²	1.8 mg/m³			

Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free (112945-52-5)						
Туре	DNEL oral	DNEL dermal	DNEL inhalation	Remark		
Workers - Long Term - Systemic effect			4 mg/m³			

Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)							
Туре	DNEL oral	DNEL dermal	DNEL inhalation	Remark			
Workers - Long Term - Local effect			10 mg/m³				
General Population - Long Term - Systemic effect	700 mg/kg bw/day						

phthalic anhydride (85-44-9)						
Туре	DNEL oral	DNEL dermal	DNEL inhalation	Remark		
Workers - Long Term - Systemic effect		10 mg/kg bw/day	32.2 mg/m ³			
General Population - Long Term - Systemic effect	5 mg/kg bw/day	5 mg/kg bw/day	8.6 mg/m ³			

(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol (34590-94-8)						
Туре	DNEL oral	DNEL dermal	DNEL inhalation	Remark		
Workers - Long Term - Systemic effect		283 mg/kg bw/day	308 mg/m ³			
General Population - Long Term - Systemic effect	36 mg/kg bw/day	121 mg/kg bw/day	37.2 mg/m³			

Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) (64742-82-1)				
Type	DNEL oral	DNEL dermal	DNEL inhalation	Remark
Workers - Long Term - Systemic effect		21 mg/kg bw/day	330 mg/m³	

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General Population - Long Term - Systemic effect	21 mg/kg bw/day	12 mg/kg bw/day	71 mg/m³	
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cobalt octoate (136-52-7)				
Туре	DNEL oral	DNEL dermal	DNEL inhalation	Remark
Workers - Long Term - Local effect			235.1 μg/m ³	
General Population - Long Term - Systemic effect	175 μg/kg bw/day			
General Population - Long Term - Local effect			37 μg/m³	

Predicted No Effect Concentration

(PNFC)

INLO)				
	PNEC Component			
	Styrene (100-42-5)			
Exposure	Туре	PNEC		
Fresh water	PNEC Aqua	0.028 mg/L		
Marine water	PNEC Aqua	0.014 mg/L		
Intermittent use/release	PNEC Aqua	0.04 mg/L		
Fresh water	PNEC Sediment	0.614 mg/Kg.dw		
Marine water	PNEC Sediment	0.307 mg/Kg.dw		
Terrestrial Compartment	PNEC Soil	0.2 mg/Kg.dw		
STP microorganisms	PNEC STP	5 mg/L		

	Talc (14807-96-6)	
Exposure	Туре	PNEC
Marine water	PNEC Aqua	141.26 mg/L
Fresh water	PNEC Aqua	597.97 mg/L
Marine water	PNEC Sediment	3.13 mg/kg sediment dw
Fresh water	PNEC Sediment	31.33 mg/kg sediment dw

Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free (112945-52-5)			
Exposure	Туре	PNEC	
Secondary Poisoning	PNEC Oral	60000 mg/kg	

	Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)	
Exposure	Туре	PNEC
Fresh water	PNEC Aqua	0.184 mg/L
Marine water	PNEC Aqua	0.0184 mg/L
Intermittent use/release	PNEC Aqua	0.193 mg/L
	PNEC STP	100 mg/L
Fresh water	PNEC Sediment	1000 mg/kg sediment dw
Marine water	PNEC Sediment	100 mg/kg sediment dw
	PNEC Soil	100 mg/kg soil dw

	phthalic anhydride (85-44-9)	
Exposure	Туре	PNEC
Fresh water	PNEC Aqua	1 mg/L
Marine water	PNEC Aqua	0.1 mg/L
Intermittent use/release	PNEC Aqua	5.6 mg/L
	PNEC STP	10 mg/L
Fresh water	PNEC Sediment	3.8 mg/kg sediment dw
Marine water	PNEC Sediment	0.38 mg/kg sediment dw
Terrestrial Compartment	PNEC Soil	0.173 mg/kg soil dw

(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol (34590-94-8)		
Exposure	Туре	PNEC
Marine water	PNEC Aqua	1.9 mg/L

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Fresh water	PNEC Aqua	19 mg/L
Intermittent use/release	PNEC Aqua	190 mg/L
	PNEC STP	4168 mg/L
Fresh water	PNEC Sediment	70.2 mg/kg sediment dw
Marine water	PNEC Sediment	7.02 mg/kg sediment dw
	PNEC Soil	2.74 mg/kg soil dw

	cobalt octoate (136-52-7)	
Exposure	Туре	PNEC
Fresh water	PNEC Aqua	0.62 μg/L
Marine water	PNEC Aqua	2.36 μg/L
STP microorganisms	PNEC STP	0.37 mg/L
Fresh water	PNEC Sediment	53.8 mg/kg sediment dw
Marine water	PNEC Sediment	69.8 mg/kg sediment dw
Terrestrial Compartment	PNEC Soil	10.9 mg/kg soil dw

8.2. Exposure controls

Occupational exposure controls

Engineering measures

Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits.

When working in confined spaces (tanks, containers, etc.), ensure that there is a supply

of air suitable for breathing and wear the recommended equipment

Personal protective equipment

General Information Respiratory protection Use personal protective equipment.

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour)

If exposure limits are likely to be exceeded / In case of insufficient ventilation wear

suitable respiratory equipment:

Breathing apparatus with filter Type A (Organic gases and vapours filter conforming to EN 14387, APF 40 < 1 hour, APF 200 > 1 hour) / Type A(2)/P3 in combination with

Particulates filter conforming to EN 143 , if exposed to dust

Eye protection

Skin and body protection

Hand protection

Safety glasses with side-shields. Do not wear contact lenses.

Antistatic boots. Protective shoes or boots. Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN 374) in combination with 'basic'

employee training

Glove material: Neoprene, Nitriles, Viton (R) or Polyvinyl alcohol

Gloves should be discarded and replaced if there is any indication of degradation or

chemical breakthrough.

Environmental exposure controls

Environmental exposure controls Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Property	<u>Values</u>	<u>Remark</u>
Physical state Colour	Liquid Variable (This Data Sheet includes all the colours)	
Appearance Particle size		No data available No data available
Odour	Styrene	
Odour Threshold pH pH (as aqueous solution)	0.15 ppm	Values related to styrene No data available No data available
Melting point/range Freezing Point	- 30 °C	Values related to styrene No data available

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Softening point Boiling point Flash point Flammability Limit in Air	145 °C 31 °C	No data available Values related to styrene Values related to styrene
Upper	6,1 - 6,8%	Values related to styrene
Lower	0,9 -1,1%	Values related to styrene
Vapour pressure	6 hPa	20°C
Vapour density	3.6	Values related to styrene
Density	1.1 - 1.4 g/cm3	20°C
Specific Gravity		No data available
Bulk density		No data available
Water solubility	Insoluble in water	
Solubility in other solvents	Soluble in most organic solvents	
Partition coefficient:	3	Values related to styrene
n-octanol/water		
Autoignition temperature	490 °C	Values related to styrene
Decomposition temperature		No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	9091 - 27273 mm2/s	20°C
Viscosity, dynamic	10000 - 30000 mPa.s	20°C

9.2. Other information

Property

Information with regards to physical hazard classes

Values

Explosive	No data available
S	
Flammable gases	No data available
Aerosols	No data available
Oxidising gases	No data available
Gases under pressure	No data available
Flammable liquids	No data available
Flammable solids	No data available
Pyrophoric liquids	No data available
Pyrophoric solids	No data available
Self-heating substances and	No data available
mixtures	
Substances and mixtures which, in contact with water, emit flammable	No data available
gases	
Oxidising liquids	No data available
Oxidising solids	No data available
Oxidising Properties	No data available
Organic peroxides	No data available
Corrosive to metals	No data available
Desensitised explosives	No data available
Other safety characteristics	
Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact	No data available
SAPT (self-accelerating	No data available
polymerisation temperature)	
Formation of explosible dust/air	No data available
mixtures	N. 1.4. 21.11
Acid/alkaline reserve	No data available
Miscible	No data available
Conductivity	No data available
Corrosiveness	No data available
Gas group	No data available
Redox potential	No data available
Photocatalytic properties	No data available

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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity Product may ignite and burn at temperatures exceeding the flash point

10.2. Chemical stability

Stability Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions In use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.

Hazardous polymerisation 10.4. Conditions to avoid Polymerisation can occur.

Conditions to avoid Heat, flames and sparks.

Exposure to light.

Take precautionary measures against static charges.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Strong oxidizing agents, Catalyst, Peroxides, Reducing agents

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition

Incomplete combustion and thermolysis produces potentially toxic gases such as carbon

monoxide and carbon dioxide

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

products

Inhalation Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation

Irritating to respiratory system May produce an allergic reaction.

Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea. Ingestion

Chemical Name	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation	Read-across (Analogy)
Styrene 100-42-5	5000 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg bw (Rat) 24h OECD 402	11.8 mg/L (Rat) 4h CSR	
Talc 14807-96-6	> 5000 mg/kg bw (Rat) OECD 423	> 2000 mg/kg bw (Rat) OECD 402		
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free 112945-52-5	> 5000 mg/kg bw (Rat) OECD 401	> 5000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	> 0.14 mg/L air (Rat) 4h (analytical) OECD 403	
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7	> 5000 mg/kg bw (Rat) OECD 425, EPA OPPTS 870.1100		> 6,82 mg/L air (Rat) 4h No guideline followed	
phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	1530 mg/kg bw (Rat)	> 3160 mg/kg bw (Rabbit)	> 2.14 mg/L (Rat) 4h OECD 403	
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)pr opanol 34590-94-8	> 5000 mg/kg bw (Rat) Similar to OECD 401	9510 mg/kg bw(Rabbit) 24h Similar to OECD 402	LC0 (7h) > 275 ppm (1667 mg/m³) (Rat) Similar to OECD 403	
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes 8002-74-2	> 5000 mg/kg bw (Rat) OECD 420	> 2000 mg/kg bw (Rat) OECD 402		
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) 64742-82-1	> 15000 mg/kg bw (Rat) Similar to OECD 401		> 13.1 mg/L air (Rat) 4h Similar to OECD 403	
cobalt octoate 136-52-7	3129 mg/kg/bw (Rat) OECD 425	> 2000 mg/kg bw (Rat) OECD 402		

Skin corrosion/irritation

Chemical Name	Skin corrosion/irritation	Read-across (Analogy)
Chemical Name	Skiii Corrosion/irritation	Reau-acioss (Alialogy)

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Styrene	Irritating to skin	
100-42-5	in vivo assay	
	rabbit	
Talc	No skin irritation	
14807-96-6	in vivo assay	
14007-90-0	in vitro study	
	rabbit	
	OECD 404	
	EU Method B.46	
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free	No skin irritation	
112945-52-5	rabbit	
	OECD 404	
Titanium dioxide	No skin irritation	
13463-67-7	in vivo assay	
10100 07 1	rabbit	
	OECD 404	
	EPA OPPTS 870.2500	
141 8 1 111		
phthalic anhydride	Irritating to skin	
85-44-9	in vivo assay	
	rabbit	
	OECD 404	
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol	No skin irritation	
34590-94-8	in vivo assay	
	rabbit	
	similar to	
	OECD 404	
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes	No skin irritation	
8002-74-2	in vivo assay	
0002-14-2	rabbit	
	OECD 404	
11 12 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes,	No skin irritation	
isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	in vivo assay	
64742-82-1	rabbit	
	OECD 404	
cobalt octoate	No skin corrosion	
136-52-7	in vitro study	
	OECD 431	
	EU Method B. 40	

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation

Chemical Name	Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Read-across (Analogy)
Styrene 100-42-5	Irritating to eyes in vivo assay	
	rabbit	
Talc 14807-96-6	No eye irritation in vivo assay (rabbit) OECD 405	
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free 112945-52-5	No eye irritation rabbit OECD 405	
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7	No eye irritation in vivo assay rabbit OECD 405 EU Method B.5 EPA OPPTS 870.2400	
phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	Irritating to eyes in vivo assay rabbit Draize Test	
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol 34590-94-8	No eye irritation in vivo assay	
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes 8002-74-2	No eye irritation in vivo assay rabbit OECD 405	

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Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) 64742-82-1	No eye irritation in vivo assay (rabbit) OECD 405	
cobalt octoate 136-52-7	Moderate eye irritation OECD 437 EU Method B.47 Irritating to eyes rabbit OECD 405	

Respiratory or skin sensitisation May produce an allergic reaction.

Chemical Name	Respiratory or skin sensitisation	Read-across (Analogy)
Styrene 100-42-5	Does not cause skin sensitization Does not cause respiratory sensitization CSR	
Talc 14807-96-6	Does not cause skin sensitization in vivo assay guinea pig OECD 406	
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free 112945-52-5	Does not cause skin sensitization Does not cause respiratory sensitization	
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7	Does not cause skin sensitization in vivo assay guinea pig OECD 406 EU Method B.6 EPA OPP 81-6 mouse similar to OECD 429	
phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	May cause sensitisation by inhalation and skin contact in vivo assay guinea pig OECD 406	
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol 34590-94-8	Does not cause skin sensitization in vivo assay	
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes 8002-74-2	Does not cause skin sensitization in vivo assay guinea pig OECD 406 EU Method B.6	
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) 64742-82-1	Does not cause skin sensitization in vivo assay guinea pig OECD 406	
cobalt octoate 136-52-7	May cause sensitisation by skin contact in vivo assay mouse OECD 429	

Mutagenic Effects

in vitro study

Chemical Name	Ames test	Read-across (Analogy)
Styrene	Ambiguous	
100-42-5	In vitro gene mutation study in bacteria	
	(S. typhimurium G46, TA1530, TA 1535, TA100, TA98,	
	TA1538, TA 1537)	
	OECD 471	
Talc	negative	
14807-96-6	In vitro gene mutation study in bacteria	
	Salmonella sp.	
	similar to	
	OECD 471	
	EU Method B.13/14	

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Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free 112945-52-5	negative In vitro gene mutation study in bacteria OECD 471	
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7	negative In vitro gene mutation study in bacteria (S. typhimurium TA 1535, TA 1537, TA 98, TA100 and TA 102) OECD 471	
phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	negative In vitro gene mutation study in bacteria (S. typhimurium TA 1535, TA 1537, TA 98, TA100 and TA 102) (Escherichia coli WP2 uvrA) OECD 471	
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol 34590-94-8	negative In vitro gene mutation study in bacteria (Escherichia coli WP2 uvrA) similar to OECD 471	
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes 8002-74-2	negative In vitro gene mutation study in bacteria (S. typhimurium TA 1535, TA 1537, TA 98 and TA 100) (Escherichia coli WP2 uvrA) OECD 471	
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) 64742-82-1	negative In vitro gene mutation study in bacteria (S. typhimurium TA 1535, TA 1537, TA 98, TA 100, TA 1538) similar to OECD 471	
cobalt octoate 136-52-7	negative In vitro gene mutation study in bacteria (S. typhimurium TA 1535, TA 1537, TA 98, TA100 and TA 102) OECD 471	Cas N°: 68956-82-1, 14024-48-7

Chemical Name	In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test	Read-across (Analogy)
Styrene 100-42-5	Ambiguous In vitro gene mutation study in mammalian cells hamster OECD 476	
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free 112945-52-5	negative In vitro gene mutation study in mammalian cells OECD 476	
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7	negative In vitro gene mutation study in mammalian cells mouse OECD 476	
phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	negative In vitro gene mutation study in mammalian cells hamster OECD 476	
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol 34590-94-8	negative In vitro gene mutation study in mammalian cells rat similar to OECD 482	
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes 8002-74-2	negative In vitro gene mutation study in mammalian cells mouse OECD 476	
cobalt octoate 136-52-7	negative In vitro gene mutation study in mammalian cells mouse OECD 476	Cas N°: 7440-48-4, 1308-06-1, 10124-43-3, 12016-80-7
Chemical Name	In vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test	Read-across (Analogy)

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Styrene 100-42-5	positive Chromosome aberration test in vitro OECD 473 OECD 479	
Talc 14807-96-6	negative Chromosome aberration test in vitro rat similar to OECD 473 EU Method B.10	
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free 112945-52-5	negative Chromosome aberration test in vitro OECD 473	
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7	negative Chromosome aberration test in vitro hamster OECD 473	
phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	Ambiguous Chromosome aberration test in vitro hamster OECD 473	
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol 34590-94-8	negative Chromosome aberration test in vitro hamster similar to OECD 473	
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes 8002-74-2	negative Chromosome aberration test in vitro hamster similar to OECD 473	
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) 64742-82-1	negative Chromosome aberration test in vitro similar to OECD 473	

in vivo assay

Chemical Name	Unscheduled DNA Synthesis (UDS)	Read-across (Analogy)
Styrene 100-42-5	negative mouse OECD 486 OECD 474	
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free 112945-52-5	negative rat	
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7	negative rat OECD 474	
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes 8002-74-2	negative mouse similar to OECD 474	
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) 64742-82-1	negative mouse similar to OECD 474 OECD 475	
cobalt octoate 136-52-7	negative rat OECD 474 OECD 475	Cas N°: 68956-82-1, 14024-48-7, 10026-24-1

Carcinogenicity

<u>car chire goine ity</u>				
Carcinogenicity				
Styrene (100-42-5)				
Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
Inhalation	OECD 453	rat	NOAEC systemic	negative
			(carcinogenicity) >= 4.3	4
			mg/L air (nominal)	

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nhalation	OECD 453	mauga	LOAEC (coroinogonicity)	n o o itiu o
innaiation	OECD 453	mouse	LOAEC (carcinogenicity) female/male = 0.09 - 0.18	positive
			mg/L air resp., NOAEC	
			(carcinogenicity) male =	
			0.09 mg/L air	
Oral	No information available	rat	NOAEL (carcinogenicity)	positive
			>= 2000 mg/kg bw /day	
Oral	No information available	mouse	LOAEL (carcinogenicity) =	positive
			150 mg/kg bw /day	
Talc (14807-96-6)				
Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
Oral	OECD 453	rat	NOAEL (101d) = 100	negative
			mg/kg bw/day	
Inhalation	OECD 453	mouse	NOAEC (104 weeks) =	negative
		+ .	6-18 mg/m³ air	
Inhalation	OECD 453	rat	NOAEC = 6-18 mg/m³ air	negative
	d, crystalline-free (112945-52-5)	1-	I-	I=
Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
Oral	OECD 453	rat	NOAEL = 1800 - 3200	negative
			mg/kg bw/day	
phthalic anhydride (85-44		lo ·	la la	le i e
Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
Oral	No information available	mouse	NOAEL (carcinogenicity,	negative
			male) = 3570 mg/kg	
			bw/day (72w) NOAEL (carcinogenicity,	
			female) = 1785 mg/kg	
			bw/day (72w)	
Oral	No information available	rat	NOAEL (carcinogenicity) =	negative
Olai	INO IIIIOIIIIatioii available	lat	1000 mg/kg bw/day	liegative
			(105w)	
	'		· · ·	
Paraffin waxes and Hydro	ocarbon waxes (8002-74-2)			
Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
Dermal .		mouse	NOEL (carcinogenicity) =	negative
			128 mg/kg bw/day	
	•	•		•
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n	-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, a	romatics (2-25%)	64742-82-1)	
Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
Inhalation	similar to OECD 453	rat	NOAEC (female) >= 2 200	negative
			mg/m³ air	
			NOAEC (male) = 138	
			mg/m³ air	
		<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Reproductive toxicity				
Reproductive toxicity				
Styrene (100-42-5)				
Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
Inhalation .	No information available	rat	NOAEL/LOAEL (fertility)	positive
		1	60d = 100 - 200 mg/kg	
		<u> </u>	bw/day	
Oral	OECD 422	rat	NOAEL/LOAEL (fertility)	positive
		1	60d = 200 - 400 mg/kg	
			bw/day	
Inhalation	OECD 416	rat	NOAEC (P, F1) = 0.64	negative
		1	mg/L air	
		1	LOAEC (P, F1) = 2.13	
		1	mg/L air	
		1	NOAEC (F2) = 0.21 mg/L	
		1	air LOAEC (F2) = 0.64 mg/L	
			air (70d)	

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Гаlc (14807-96-6)	B 4 a 4 la a al	0	ln	In
Routes of Exposure Oral	Method similar to OECD 416	Species rabbit	Dose NOAEL (reproduction &	Evaluation
ла	Similar to OECD 416	labbit	F1) > 900 mg/kg bw/day	negative
Silica amorphous fumos	d, crystalline-free (112945-52-5)			
Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
Oral	OECD 415	rat	NOAEL = 497 mg/kg	negative
Jiai	OEOD 413	lat	bw/day	negative
ohthalic anhydride (85-44	I-9)			
Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
Oral	No information available	mouse	NOAEL (reproductive,	negative
			male) = 3570 mg/kg	
			bw/day (72w)	
			NOAEL (reproductive,	
			female) = 1785 mg/kg	
			bw/day (72w)	
Oral	No information available	rat	NOAEL (reproductive,	negative
			female) = 1000 mg/kg	1
			bw/day (105w)	
Paraffin waxes and Hydro	ocarbon waxes (8002-74-2)			
Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
Oral	OECD 421	rat	NOAEL (p/ reproductive	negative
			performance) >= 1000	
			mg/kg bw/day	
			NOAEL Neonatal (F1) >=	
			1000 mg/kg bw/day	
			Read across with :	
			Chevron 100 Neutral	<u> </u>
	-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, a			Evaluation
Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation negative
Routes of Exposure			Dose NOAEC (F1) = 1720	Evaluation negative
Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	
Routes of Exposure nhalation cobalt octoate (136-52-7)	Method similar to OECD 421	Species rat	Dose NOAEC (F1) = 1720 mg/m ³	negative
Routes of Exposure nhalation cobalt octoate (136-52-7) Routes of Exposure	Method similar to OECD 421 Method	Species rat Species	Dose NOAEC (F1) = 1720 mg/m³ Dose	negative Evaluation
Routes of Exposure nhalation cobalt octoate (136-52-7) Routes of Exposure	Method similar to OECD 421 Method Read-across (Analogy)	Species rat	Dose NOAEC (F1) = 1720 mg/m³ Dose NO(A)EL (P&F1) 28d = 30	negative Evaluation
Routes of Exposure nhalation cobalt octoate (136-52-7) Routes of Exposure	Method similar to OECD 421 Method Read-across (Analogy) Cas N°: 7440-48-4 OECD	Species rat Species	Dose NOAEC (F1) = 1720 mg/m³ Dose	negative Evaluation
Routes of Exposure nhalation cobalt octoate (136-52-7) Routes of Exposure	Method similar to OECD 421 Method Read-across (Analogy)	Species rat Species	Dose NOAEC (F1) = 1720 mg/m³ Dose NO(A)EL (P&F1) 28d = 30	negative Evaluation
Routes of Exposure nhalation cobalt octoate (136-52-7) Routes of Exposure Dral Developmental Toxicit	Method similar to OECD 421 Method Read-across (Analogy) Cas N°: 7440-48-4 OECD 422	Species rat Species	Dose NOAEC (F1) = 1720 mg/m³ Dose NO(A)EL (P&F1) 28d = 30 mg/kg bw/day	negative Evaluation
Routes of Exposure chalation cobalt octoate (136-52-7) Routes of Exposure Oral Developmental Toxicity	Method similar to OECD 421 Method Read-across (Analogy) Cas N°: 7440-48-4 OECD 422	Species rat Species rat	Dose NOAEC (F1) = 1720 mg/m³ Dose NO(A)EL (P&F1) 28d = 30 mg/kg bw/day	negative Evaluation
Routes of Exposure Inhalation Sobalt octoate (136-52-7) Routes of Exposure Oral Developmental Toxicity Styrene (100-42-5)	Method similar to OECD 421 Method Read-across (Analogy) Cas N°: 7440-48-4 OECD 422	Species rat Species rat amaging the unbo	Dose NOAEC (F1) = 1720 mg/m³ Dose NO(A)EL (P&F1) 28d = 30 mg/kg bw/day	negative Evaluation positive
Routes of Exposure Inhalation Sobalt octoate (136-52-7) Routes of Exposure Oral Developmental Toxicity Styrene (100-42-5) Routes of Exposure	Method similar to OECD 421 Method Read-across (Analogy) Cas N°: 7440-48-4 OECD 422 y Suspected of da Method	Species rat Species rat amaging the unbo	Dose NOAEC (F1) = 1720 mg/m³ Dose NO(A)EL (P&F1) 28d = 30 mg/kg bw/day orn child.	Evaluation positive
Routes of Exposure Inhalation Sobalt octoate (136-52-7) Routes of Exposure Oral Developmental Toxicity Styrene (100-42-5) Routes of Exposure	Method similar to OECD 421 Method Read-across (Analogy) Cas N°: 7440-48-4 OECD 422 y Suspected of date	Species rat Species rat amaging the unbo	Dose NOAEC (F1) = 1720 mg/m³ Dose NO(A)EL (P&F1) 28d = 30 mg/kg bw/day orn child. Dose NOAEC/LOAEC (maternal	Evaluation positive
Routes of Exposure Inhalation Sobalt octoate (136-52-7) Routes of Exposure Oral Developmental Toxicity Styrene (100-42-5) Routes of Exposure	Method similar to OECD 421 Method Read-across (Analogy) Cas N°: 7440-48-4 OECD 422 y Suspected of da Method	Species rat Species rat amaging the unbo	Dose NOAEC (F1) = 1720 mg/m³ Dose NO(A)EL (P&F1) 28d = 30 mg/kg bw/day Dorn child. Dose NOAEC/LOAEC (maternal toxicity + developemental	Evaluation positive Evaluation positive
Routes of Exposure Inhalation Cobalt octoate (136-52-7) Routes of Exposure Dral Developmental Toxicity Cotylerous (100-42-5) Routes of Exposure	Method similar to OECD 421 Method Read-across (Analogy) Cas N°: 7440-48-4 OECD 422 y Suspected of da Method	Species rat Species rat amaging the unbo	Dose NOAEC (F1) = 1720 mg/m³ Dose NO(A)EL (P&F1) 28d = 30 mg/kg bw/day Dorn child. Dose NOAEC/LOAEC (maternal toxicity + developemental toxicity) >50d = 1.08 - 2.15	Evaluation positive Evaluation positive
Routes of Exposure Inhalation Sobalt octoate (136-52-7) Routes of Exposure Oral Developmental Toxicity Evelopmental Toxicity Styrene (100-42-5) Routes of Exposure Inhalation	Method similar to OECD 421 Method Read-across (Analogy) Cas N°: 7440-48-4 OECD 422 y Suspected of da Method No information available	Species rat Species rat Amaging the unbox Species rat	Dose NOAEC (F1) = 1720 mg/m³ Dose NO(A)EL (P&F1) 28d = 30 mg/kg bw/day Dose NOAEC/LOAEC (maternal toxicity + developemental toxicity) >50d = 1.08 - 2.15 mg/L air	Evaluation positive Evaluation positive
Routes of Exposure nhalation cobalt octoate (136-52-7)	Method similar to OECD 421 Method Read-across (Analogy) Cas N°: 7440-48-4 OECD 422 y Suspected of da Method	Species rat Species rat amaging the unbo	Dose NOAEC (F1) = 1720 mg/m³ Dose NO(A)EL (P&F1) 28d = 30 mg/kg bw/day Dorn child. Dose NOAEC/LOAEC (maternal toxicity + developemental toxicity) >50d = 1.08 - 2.15 mg/L air LOAEC (maternal toxicity)	Evaluation positive Evaluation positive
Routes of Exposure Inhalation Robalt octoate (136-52-7) Routes of Exposure Routes of Exposure Robert Control Routes of Exposure Routes of Exposure Routes of Exposure Inhalation	Method similar to OECD 421 Method Read-across (Analogy) Cas Nº: 7440-48-4 OECD 422 y Suspected of da Method No information available OECD 414	Species rat Species rat smaging the unbounce Species rat rat	Dose NOAEC (F1) = 1720 mg/m³ Dose NO(A)EL (P&F1) 28d = 30 mg/kg bw/day Dorn child. Dose NOAEC/LOAEC (maternal toxicity + developemental toxicity) >50d = 1.08 - 2.15 mg/L air LOAEC (maternal toxicity) 6-15d = 1.28 mg/L air	Evaluation positive Evaluation positive positive
Routes of Exposure Inhalation Robalt octoate (136-52-7) Routes of Exposure Routes of Exposure Robert Control Routes of Exposure Routes of Exposure Routes of Exposure Inhalation	Method similar to OECD 421 Method Read-across (Analogy) Cas N°: 7440-48-4 OECD 422 y Suspected of da Method No information available	Species rat Species rat Amaging the unbox Species rat	Dose NOAEC (F1) = 1720 mg/m³ Dose NO(A)EL (P&F1) 28d = 30 mg/kg bw/day Dorn child. Dose NOAEC/LOAEC (maternal toxicity) + developemental toxicity) >50d = 1.08 - 2.15 mg/L air LOAEC (maternal toxicity) 6-15d = 1.28 mg/L air NOAEC (developmental	Evaluation positive Evaluation positive
Routes of Exposure Inhalation Cobalt octoate (136-52-7) Routes of Exposure Coral Coevelopmental Toxicity Coevelopmental Tox	Method similar to OECD 421 Method Read-across (Analogy) Cas Nº: 7440-48-4 OECD 422 y Suspected of da Method No information available OECD 414	Species rat Species rat smaging the unbounce Species rat rat	Dose NOAEC (F1) = 1720 mg/m³ Dose NO(A)EL (P&F1) 28d = 30 mg/kg bw/day Dose NOAEC/LOAEC (maternal toxicity + developemental toxicity) >50d = 1.08 - 2.15 mg/L air LOAEC (maternal toxicity) 6-15d = 1.28 mg/L air NOAEC (developmental toxicity) 6-15d > 2.56	Evaluation positive Evaluation positive positive
Routes of Exposure Inhalation Robalt octoate (136-52-7) Routes of Exposure Pevelopmental Toxicity Routes of Exposure Routes of Exposure Routes of Exposure Inhalation Inhalation Inhalation	Method similar to OECD 421 Method Read-across (Analogy) Cas N°: 7440-48-4 OECD 422 y Suspected of da Method No information available OECD 414 OECD 414	Species rat Species rat Species rat Species rat rat rat rat	Dose NOAEC (F1) = 1720 mg/m³ Dose NO(A)EL (P&F1) 28d = 30 mg/kg bw/day Dose NOAEC/LOAEC (maternal toxicity + developemental toxicity + 50d = 1.08 - 2.15 mg/L air LOAEC (maternal toxicity) 6-15d = 1.28 mg/L air NOAEC (developmental toxicity) 6-15d >= 2.56 mg/L air	Evaluation positive Evaluation positive positive positive negative
Routes of Exposure Inhalation Robalt octoate (136-52-7) Routes of Exposure Pevelopmental Toxicity Routes of Exposure Routes of Exposure Routes of Exposure Inhalation Inhalation Inhalation	Method similar to OECD 421 Method Read-across (Analogy) Cas Nº: 7440-48-4 OECD 422 y Suspected of da Method No information available OECD 414	Species rat Species rat smaging the unbounce Species rat rat	Dose NOAEC (F1) = 1720 mg/m³ Dose NO(A)EL (P&F1) 28d = 30 mg/kg bw/day Dorn child. Dose NOAEC/LOAEC (maternal toxicity + developemental toxicity + 50d = 1.08 - 2.15 mg/L air LOAEC (maternal toxicity) 6-15d = 1.28 mg/L air NOAEC (developmental toxicity) 6-15d >= 2.56 mg/L air NOAEC (maternal toxicity) NOAEC (maternal toxicity) MOAEC (maternal toxicity) NOAEC (maternal toxicity)	Evaluation positive Evaluation positive positive
Routes of Exposure Inhalation Sobalt octoate (136-52-7) Routes of Exposure Developmental Toxicity Developmental Toxicity Styrene (100-42-5) Routes of Exposure Inhalation Inhalation Inhalation	Method similar to OECD 421 Method Read-across (Analogy) Cas N°: 7440-48-4 OECD 422 y Suspected of da Method No information available OECD 414 OECD 414	Species rat Species rat Species rat Species rat rat rat rat	Dose NOAEC (F1) = 1720 mg/m³ Dose NO(A)EL (P&F1) 28d = 30 mg/kg bw/day Dose NOAEC/LOAEC (maternal toxicity + developemental toxicity + 50d = 1.08 - 2.15 mg/L air LOAEC (maternal toxicity) 6-15d = 1.28 mg/L air NOAEC (developmental toxicity) 6-15d >= 2.56 mg/L air	Evaluation positive Evaluation positive positive positive negative
Routes of Exposure Inhalation Sobalt octoate (136-52-7) Routes of Exposure Oral Developmental Toxicity Developmental Toxicity Styrene (100-42-5) Routes of Exposure Inhalation Inhalation Inhalation Inhalation	Method similar to OECD 421 Method Read-across (Analogy) Cas N°: 7440-48-4 OECD 422 y Suspected of da Method No information available OECD 414 OECD 414	Species rat Species rat Species rat Species rat rat rat rat	Dose NOAEC (F1) = 1720 mg/m³ Dose NO(A)EL (P&F1) 28d = 30 mg/kg bw/day Dorn child. Dose NOAEC/LOAEC (maternal toxicity + developemental toxicity) >50d = 1.08 - 2.15 mg/L air LOAEC (maternal toxicity) 6-15d = 1.28 mg/L air NOAEC (developmental toxicity) 6-15d >= 2.56 mg/L air NOAEC (maternal toxicity) + developmental toxicity) + developmental toxicity)	Evaluation positive Evaluation positive positive positive negative
Routes of Exposure Inhalation Sobalt octoate (136-52-7) Routes of Exposure Oral Developmental Toxicity Developmental Toxicity Styrene (100-42-5) Routes of Exposure Inhalation	Method similar to OECD 421 Method Read-across (Analogy) Cas N°: 7440-48-4 OECD 422 y Suspected of da Method No information available OECD 414 OECD 414 OECD 414	Species rat Species rat Species rat Species rat Species rat rat rat rat rat	Dose NOAEC (F1) = 1720 mg/m³ Dose NO(A)EL (P&F1) 28d = 30 mg/kg bw/day Dorn child. Dose NOAEC/LOAEC (maternal toxicity + developemental toxicity) >50d = 1.08 - 2.15 mg/L air LOAEC (maternal toxicity) 6-15d = 1.28 mg/L air NOAEC (developmental toxicity) 6-15d >= 2.56 mg/L air NOAEC (maternal toxicity) + developmental toxicity) + developmental toxicity) 6-18d = 2.56 mg/L air	Evaluation positive Evaluation positive positive positive negative
Routes of Exposure Inhalation Sobalt octoate (136-52-7) Routes of Exposure Developmental Toxicity Developmental Toxicity Styrene (100-42-5) Routes of Exposure Inhalation	Method similar to OECD 421 Method Read-across (Analogy) Cas N°: 7440-48-4 OECD 422 y Suspected of da Method No information available OECD 414 OECD 414 OECD 414 OECD 414	Species rat Species rat Species rat Species rat rat rat rat rat Species	Dose NOAEC (F1) = 1720 mg/m³ Dose NO(A)EL (P&F1) 28d = 30 mg/kg bw/day Dorn child. Dose NOAEC/LOAEC (maternal toxicity + developemental toxicity) >50d = 1.08 - 2.15 mg/L air LOAEC (maternal toxicity) 6-15d = 1.28 mg/L air NOAEC (developmental toxicity) 6-15d >= 2.56 mg/L air NOAEC (maternal toxicity) + developmental toxicity) + developmental toxicity) 6-18d = 2.56 mg/L air	Evaluation positive Evaluation positive positive negative regative Evaluation
Routes of Exposure nhalation cobalt octoate (136-52-7) Routes of Exposure Dral Developmental Toxicity Developmental Toxicity Styrene (100-42-5) Routes of Exposure nhalation nhalation nhalation	Method similar to OECD 421 Method Read-across (Analogy) Cas N°: 7440-48-4 OECD 422 y Suspected of da Method No information available OECD 414 OECD 414 OECD 414	Species rat Species rat Species rat Species rat Species rat rat rat rat rat	Dose NOAEC (F1) = 1720 mg/m³ Dose NO(A)EL (P&F1) 28d = 30 mg/kg bw/day Dose NOAEC/LOAEC (maternal toxicity) + developemental toxicity) 50d = 1.08 - 2.15 mg/L air LOAEC (maternal toxicity) 6-15d = 1.28 mg/L air NOAEC (developmental toxicity) 6-15d >= 2.56 mg/L air NOAEC (maternal toxicity) + developmental toxicity) 6-15d >= 2.56 mg/L air NOAEC (maternal toxicity) + developmental toxicity) 6-18d = 2.56 mg/L air Dose NOAEL (maternal toxicity)	Evaluation positive Evaluation positive positive positive negative
Routes of Exposure Inhalation Cobalt octoate (136-52-7) Routes of Exposure Coral Covelopmental Toxicity Covelopmental Toxi	Method similar to OECD 421 Method Read-across (Analogy) Cas N°: 7440-48-4 OECD 422 y Suspected of da Method No information available OECD 414 OECD 414 OECD 414 OECD 414	Species rat Species rat Species rat Species rat rat rat rat rat rabbit	Dose NOAEC (F1) = 1720 mg/m³ Dose NO(A)EL (P&F1) 28d = 30 mg/kg bw/day Dose NOAEC/LOAEC (maternal toxicity + developemental toxicity) >50d = 1.08 - 2.15 mg/L air LOAEC (maternal toxicity) 6-15d = 1.28 mg/L air NOAEC (developmental toxicity) 6-15d >= 2.56 mg/L air NOAEC (maternal toxicity) 4 developmental toxicity) 6-18d = 2.56 mg/L air Dose NOAEL (maternal toxicity) 8-18d = 2.56 mg/L air	Evaluation positive Evaluation positive positive negative regative Evaluation
Routes of Exposure Inhalation Sobalt octoate (136-52-7) Routes of Exposure Oral Developmental Toxicity Developmental Toxicity Styrene (100-42-5) Routes of Exposure Inhalation	Method similar to OECD 421 Method Read-across (Analogy) Cas N°: 7440-48-4 OECD 422 y Suspected of da Method No information available OECD 414 OECD 414 OECD 414 OECD 414	Species rat Species rat Species rat Species rat rat rat rat rat rabbit	Dose NOAEC (F1) = 1720 mg/m³ Dose NO(A)EL (P&F1) 28d = 30 mg/kg bw/day Dose NOAEC/LOAEC (maternal toxicity) + developemental toxicity) 50d = 1.08 - 2.15 mg/L air LOAEC (maternal toxicity) 6-15d = 1.28 mg/L air NOAEC (developmental toxicity) 6-15d >= 2.56 mg/L air NOAEC (maternal toxicity) + developmental toxicity) 6-15d >= 2.56 mg/L air NOAEC (maternal toxicity) + developmental toxicity) 6-18d = 2.56 mg/L air Dose NOAEL (maternal toxicity)	Evaluation positive Evaluation positive positive negative regative Evaluation

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Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)				
Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
Oral	OECD 414		NOAEL (maternal & developmental toxicity) 20d = 1000 mg/kg bw/day	negative

phthalic anhydride (85-44-9)					
Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation	
	Read-across (Analogy) phthalic acid Cas N° : 88-99-3		NOAEL (maternal toxicity) = 1000 mg/kg bw/day NOAEL (teratogenicity) = 1700 mg/kg bw/day	positive	

(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol (34590-94-8)					
Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation	
Inhalation	EPA OTS 798.4350	rat	NOAEL (maternal	negative	
			tox/teretogenicity) 6-150	d =	
			300 ppm		

Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes (8002-74-2)						
Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation		
Dermal	OECD 414	rat	LOAEL (maternal toxicity) = 125 mg/kg bw/day NOAEL (teratogenicity) >= 2000 mg/kg bw/day Read across with: 100 SUS solvent refined base oil			

Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) (64742-82-1)					
Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation	
Inhalation	similar to OECD 414	rat	NOAEL (maternal toxicity) >= 5220 mg/m³ air NOAEC (developmental Toxicity) >= 5220 mg/m³ air	negative	

Specific target organ toxicity - May cause irritation of respiratory tract single exposure

Specific target organ toxicity - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure , target organ(s) : Central nervous system , Ears

STOT - repeated exposur Styrene (100-42-5)				
Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Remarks
Inhalation	OECD 412	rat mouse	NOAEC male (28d) = 3.47 mg/L air NOAEC (ototoxicity) 28d = 2.13 mg/L air NOAEC (28d) = 0.181 mg/L air NOAEC (28d) = 0.688 mg/L air	
Inhalation	No information available	rat	NOAEC (nasal tract) = 0.85 mg/L air NOAEC (overall) = 2.13 mg/L air NOAEC (ototoxicity) = 0.85 mg/L air LOAEC (ototoxicity) = 3.41 mg/L air NOAEC (overall) = 2.13 mg/L air	

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Oral

Inhalation

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Oral	No information available	rat	NOAEL (toxicity) = 1000 mg/kg bw/day LOAEL (toxicity) = 2000 mg/kg bw/day	
Oral	No information available	mouse	NOAEL (toxicity) = 150 mg/kg bw /day LOAEL (toxicity) = 300 mg/kg bw /day	
Inhalation	OECD 453	rat	LOAEC local (toxicity) = 0.21 mg/L air	
Talc (14807-96-6)				
Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Remarks
Inhalation	similar to OECD 412	rat	NOAEC (20d) = 2-6-18 mg/m ³	

NOAEL (101d) = 100

mg/kg bw/day NOAEC = 10.8 mg/m³ air

Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free (112945-52-5)					
Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Remarks	
Oral	OECD 408	rat	NOEL (highest dose) 4000 <= 4500 mg/kg bw/day 90d		
Inhalation	OECD 413	rat	NOEC = 1.3 mg/m³ air NOEC < 1.3 mg/m³ air 90d		
Dermal	No information available	rabbit	NOAEL >= 10000 mg/kg bw/day		

rat

rat

similar to OECD 452

similar to OECD 452

Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)					
Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Remarks	
Oral	OECD 407		NOEL (29d) = 24000 mg/kg bw/day		
Oral	OECD 408	rat	NOAEL (92-93d) > 1000 mg/kg/day		

phthalic anhydride (85-44-9)					
Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Remarks	
Oral	No information available	rat	NOAEL = 1250 mg/kg bw/day LOAEL = 2500 mg/kg bw/day 7 weeks		
Oral	No information available	rat	NOAEL (105 weeks) = 500 mg/kg bw/day		
Oral	No information available	mouse	LOAEL (male) = 2340 mg/kg bw/day LOAEL (female) = 1717 mg/kg bw/day 72 weeks		

(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol (34590-94-8)					
Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Remarks	
Oral	KANPOGYO No.700, YAKUHATSU No. 1039.61 and KIKYKU No. 1014	rat	NOEL/NOAEL (4 weeks) = 200/1000 mg/kg		
Inhalation	similar to OECD 413	rat	NOAEL (13 weeks) = 200 ppm		
Dermal	similar to OECD 411	rabbit	NOAEL (90d) = 2850 mg/kg bw/day		

Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes (8002-74-2)				
Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Remarks

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Dermal	Read-across (Analogy) Cas N°: 64742-52-5 OECD 410	rabbit	NOAEL (28d) = 1000 mg/kg bw/day	
Oral	OECD 408	rat	NOAEL (Low melting point wax) = 1.5 mg/kg bw/day NOAEL (High melting point and high sulphur wax) = 1500 mg/kg bw/day 90d	
Dermal	Read-across (Analogy) : Lubricant Base Oils OECD 411	rat	NOAEL (13 weeks)> 2000 mg/kg bw/day	
Dermal	Read-across (Analogy) : MRD-87-016 similar to OECD 453	mouse	NOAEL (male) 24 months >= 150 mg/kg bw/day	

Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-al	Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) (64742-82-1)					
Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Remarks		
Oral	similar to OECD 408	rat	NOAEL (female) 30d = 1056 mg/kg bw LOAEL (male) 30d = 116 mg/kg bw			
Inhalation	similar to OECD 413	rat	NOAEC (female) = 3950 mg/m³ LOAEC (male) = 1975 mg/m³ LOAEC (female) = 7400 mg/m³			
Dermal	similar to OECD 411	rat	NOAEL (systemic) >= 495 mg/kg bw/day			

cobalt octoate (136-52-7)					
Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Remarks	
	Read-across (Analogy) cobalt dichloride hexahydrate OECD 408	rat	NOAEL (90d) = 3 mg/kg bw/day		

Aspiration hazard

Due to the viscosity, this product does not present an aspiration hazard.

11.2 Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties No information available

Other information Nor

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system

Acute aquatic toxicity - Component Information

Chemical Name	Toxicity to algae	Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates.	Toxicity to fish	Toxicity to microorganisms
Styrene 100-42-5	EC50 (72h) = 4.9 mg/L (Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata) EPA OTS 797.1050	EC50 (48h) = 4.7 mg/L (Daphnia magna) NOEC = 1.9 mg/L (Daphnia magna) OECD 202	LC50 (96h) = 4.02 - 10 mg/L (Pimephales promelas) OECD 203	EC (30min) = 500 mg/L (Activated sludge of a predominantly domestic sewage) OECD 209
Talc 14807-96-6	EC50 (96h) = 7202.700 mg/L (Green Algae) NOEC (30d) = 918.089 mg/L (Green Algae) QSAR	LC50 (48h) = 36812.359 mg/L (Daphnid species) QSAR	LC50 (96h) = 89581.016 mg/L (Fishes species) QSAR	

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Cilian amarahaya fumad		EL50 (24h) >= 1000 mg/L	LCE0 (06h) > 10000 ~~~/	
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free 112945-52-5		(Daphnia magna) OECD 202	LC50 (96h) > 10000 mg/L (Brachydanio rerio) OECD 203	
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7	EC50 (72h) > 100 mg/L (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) NOEC (72h) >= 100 mg/L (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) OECD 201	EC50 (48h) > 100 mg/L (Daphnia magna) OECD 202	LC50 (96h) > 100 mg/L (Carassius auratus) NOEC (96h) >= 100 mg/L (Carassius auratus) OECD 203	EC50 (3h) > 1000 mg/L, NOEC (3h) >= 1000 mg/L (Activated sludge of a predominantly domestic sewage) OECD 209
phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	EC50 (72h) = 68 mg/L, NOEC (72h) = 32 mg/L (Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata) OECD 201	EC50 (48h) = 71 mg/L (Daphnia magna) OECD 202	LC50 (96h) > 99 mg/L (Oryzias latipes) OECD 203	EC50 (3h) > 1000 mg/L (Activated sludge), ISO 8192 EC50 (16h) = 13 mg/L (Pseusomonas putida), ISO 10712
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)pr opanol 34590-94-8	EC50 (72h) > 969 mg/L (Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata) OECD 201	LC50 (48h) = 1919 mg/L (Daphnia magna) Similar to OECD 202	LC50 (96h) > 1000 mg/L (Poecilia reticulata) OECD 203	EC10 (18h) = 4168 mg/L (Pseudomonas putida) No guideline followed
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes 8002-74-2	NOEL (72h) >= 100 mg/L (Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata), Read across with: N100DW OECD 201	LL50 (48h) > 1000 mg/L (Daphnia magna) QSAR	LL50 (96h) > 1000 mg/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss) QSAR	LL50 (40h) > 1000 mg/L (Tetrahymena pyriformis) NOEL (40h) >= 1000 mg/L (Tetrahymena pyriformis) QSAR
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) 64742-82-1	EL50 (72h) = 4.1 mg/L (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) NOELR (72h) = 0.76 mg/L (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) OECD 201	EL50 (48h) = 10 - 22 mg/L (Daphnia magna) OECD 202	LL50 (96h) = 10 - 30 mg/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss) OECD 203	
cobalt octoate 136-52-7	EC50 (72h) = 144 μg Codiss./L (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) NOEC (72h) = 32.2 μg./L (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) LOEC (72h) = 52.7 μg Codiss./L (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) OECD 201		LC50 (96h) = 1.512 mg/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss) NOEC (96h) = 0.939 mg/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss) LOEC (96h) = 1.577 mg/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss) ASTM guideline (1996)	EC10 (30 min) = 3.73 mg/L (Activated sludge) EC50 (30 min) = 120 mg/L (Activated sludge) Read across with Cas N°: 7646-79-9 OECD 209

Chronic aquatic toxicity - Component Information

Chemical Name	Toxicity to algae	Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates.	Toxicity to fish	Toxicity to microorganisms
Styrene 100-42-5		NOEC (21d) = 1.01 mg/L (Daphnia magna) LOEC (21d) = 2.06 mg/L (Daphnia magna) EC50 (21d) = 1.88 mg/L (Daphnia magna) OECD 203		
phthalic anhydride 85-44-9		NOEC (reproduction) 21d = 16 mg/L, EC50 (reproduction) 21d = 42 mg/L (Daphnia magna) OECD 211	LC50 (7d) = 560 mg/L (Danio rerio), OECD 210 LOEC (total embryotoxicity) 60d = 32 mg/L, NOEC (mortality, lengh, weight, embryotoxicity) 60d = 10 mg/L, OECD 210	
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)pr opanol 34590-94-8		NOEC (22d) >= 0.5 mg/L (Daphnia magna) Similar to OECD 211	-	
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes 8002-74-2		NOEL (21d) >= 1000 mg/L (Daphnia magna) QSAR	NOEL (28d) >= 1000 mg/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss) QSAR	

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Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) 64742-82-1		EC50 (21d) = 0.328 mg/L (Daphnia magna) OECD 211	
cobalt octoate 136-52-7	EC50 (7d) = 90.1 μg./L (Lemna minor) NOEC (7d) = 3.0 μg/L (Lemna minor) LOEC (7d) = 8.8 μg/L (Lemna minor) OECD 221	NOECR (21d) = 60.8 µg./L (Daphnia magna) LC50 (21d) = 121.3 mg/L (Daphnia magna) LOECR (21d) = 93.3 µg Codiss./L (Daphnia magna) OECD 211	

Effects on terrestrial organisms - Component Information

Acute toxicity				
phthalic anhydride (85-44-9)				
Acute toxicity	Test Method	Species	Values	Remarks
plants		Lactuca sativa	EC50 (germination) = 731 mg/L	

Chronic toxicity Styrene (100-42-5)				
Chronic toxicity	Method	Species	Values	Remarks
Toxicity to invertebrates	OECD 207	Eisenia foetida	LC50 (14d) = 120 mg/kg soil dw LOEC (burrowing time and mean percent weight change) = 65 mg/kg soil dw LOEC (survival) = 180 mg/kg soil dw NOEC (mean percent weight change) = 34 mg/kg soil dw	

	(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol (34590-94-8)					
Γ	Chronic toxicity	Method	Species	Values	Remarks	
Γ	plants	OECD 227	Grossypium hirsutum	NOEC (21d) = 250 a/L		

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Chemical Name	Biodegradation	Evaluation
Styrene 100-42-5	87% (20d) similar to OECD 301D	Readily biodegradable
phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	68 % (10d), 74 % (30d) OECD 301 D	Readily biodegradable
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol 34590-94-8	96 % (28d) DOC removal, 75 % (10d) OECD 301F	Readily biodegradable
	31 % (28d) OECD 301F Read across with : MRD-94-981	Inherently biodegradable.
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) 64742-82-1	74.7% (28d) (Activated sludge, domestic, non-adapted) OECD 301 F	Readily biodegradable
cobalt octoate 136-52-7	60% (> 10d), OECD 301 B	Readily biodegradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioconcentration factor (BCF)			
Styrene (100-42-5)			
Method	Species	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)	
Calculation method		74	

phthalic anhydride (85-44-9)		
Method	Species	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)

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Calculation method 3.16 - 3.4

Chemical Name	log Pow
Styrene 100-42-5	3
Talc 14807-96-6	-9.4
phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	1.6
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol 34590-94-8	0.0043

12.4. Mobility in soil

Chemical Name	LogKoc	Koc
Styrene 100-42-5	2.55	352
Talc 14807-96-6	1.5027	31.82
phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	-	31

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Chemical Name	PBT	vPvB
Styrene 100-42-5	This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT).	This substance is not considered to be very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB).
Talc 14807-96-6	This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT).	This substance is not considered to be very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB).
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free 112945-52-5	This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT).	This substance is not considered to be very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB).
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7	This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT).	This substance is not considered to be very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB).
phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT).	This substance is not considered to be very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB).
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol 34590-94-8	This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT).	This substance is not considered to be very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB).
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes 8002-74-2	This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT).	This substance is not considered to be very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB).
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) 64742-82-1	This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT).	This substance is not considered to be very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Endocrine disrupting properties No information available

12.7 Other Adverse Effects

None known.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused **Products**

Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste.

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system

Contaminated packaging

Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

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Other information According to the European Waste Catalogue, Waste Codes are not product specific, but

application specific.

Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the

product was used.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number or ID number

ADR/RID UN1866 IMDG/IMO UN1866 ICAO/IATA UN1866 ADN UN1866

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID

Resin solution

UN1866, RESIN SOLUTION, 3, PG III, (D/E)

IMDG/IMO

Resin solution

UN1866, RESIN SOLUTION, 3, PG III, (31°C c.c.)

ICAO/IATA

UN1866, RESIN SOLUTION, 3, PG III

ADN

Resin solution

UN1866, RESIN SOLUTION, 3, PG III

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID

Hazard class	3
IMDG/IMO	
Hazard class	3
ICAO/IATA	
Hazard class	3
ADN	
Hazard class	3

14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID	III
IMDG/IMO	III
ICAO/IATA	III
ADN	III

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR/RID	No
IMDG/IMO	No
Marine pollutant	No
ICAO/IATA	No
ADN	No

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14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR/RID

Classification Code F1
Tunnel restriction code (D/E)
Limited quantity 5 L

IMDG/IMO

EmS F-E, S-E Limited quantity 5 L

ICAO/IATA

ERG Code 3L Limited quantity 10 L

ADN

Classification Code F1
Limited quantity 5 L
ventilation VE01

Special precautions for users

Special precautions No information available

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP) Regulation (EU) No. 2020/878

Directive 88/642/EEC

Directive 98/24/EC Directive 1999/92/EC Directive 2012/18/EU

The mixture is subject to restrictions on use, see Annex XVII of the Regulation 1907/2006/EC (REACH): Column 1, n° 3; Column 1, n° 40.

European Union

Named dangerous substances per Seveso Directive (2012/18/EU)				
Chemical Name	Lower-tier requirements (tons)	Upper-tier requirements (tons)		
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) - 64742-82-1	2500 tonne	25000 tonne		

National regulatory information

The United Kingdom

Avoid exceeding of the given occupational exposure limits (see section 8).

Ireland

Avoid exceeding of the given occupational exposure limits (see section 8).

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical Safety Assessment

Yes

Exposure scenarioRelevant information for risk control are communicated in the form of exposure scenario

attached to the safety data sheet.

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POLYCOR LP BR

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SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H332 - Harmful if inhaled

H334 - May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H360Fd - May damage fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child

H361d - Suspected of damaging the unborn child

H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled

H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

EUH066 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

EUH208 - May produce an allergic reaction

Training Advice Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. To avoid risks to

man and the environment, comply with the instructions for use.

Sources of key data used to compile the datasheet

ECHA

Former date

Former date 22-Sep-2022 Revision date 29-Dec-2022

Revision Note New ANNEX II Regulation (EU) No. 2020/878

This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

<u>Disclaimer</u>

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

Polynt Composites

Route d'Arras - CS 50019 - 62320 Drocourt - France



Scenario 1: Manufacturing of UP/VE resins and formulated resins (Gelcoat, Coulour Paste, Putty, Bonding paste/Adhesive) (ES1)

This scenario is described by the following combinations of use descriptors. The corresponding contributing scenarios are described in the respective subchapters.

An overall exposure scenario may be described by a number of contributing scenarios which may be subdivided into environmental exposure, worker exposure and consumer exposure.

The following scenarios contribute to the scenario Manufacturing of UP/VE resins and formulated resins (Gelcoat, Coulour Paste, Putty, Bonding paste/Adhesive).

This document has been prepared using REACH-Practical-Guide-on-Safe-Use-Information-for-Mixtures-under-REACH-The-LCID-Methodology, considering exposure scenario of relevant raw materials contained in the mixture.

The corresponding release to the environment, exposure of workers resulting from these contributing scenarios is summarized below.

Table 1. Description of ES 1

Free short title	Manufacturing of UP/VE resins and formulated resins (Gelcoat, Coulour Paste, Putty, Bonding paste/Adhesive) (ES1)
Systematic title based on use descriptor	ERC 2; PROC 1, 3, 4, 5, 8a, 8b, 9, 15
Name of contributing environmental scenario and corresponding ERC	ERC 2 – Formulation into mixture
Name(s) of contributing worker scenarios and corresponding PROCs	PROC 1 - Chemical production in closed process PROC 3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) PROC 4 - Chemical production where opportunity for exposure arises PROC 5 - Mixing or blending in batch processes (multistage and/or significant contact) PROC 8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at non dedicated facilities PROC 8b - Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at dedicated facilities PROC 9 - Transfer of substance or mixture into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) PROC 15 - Use of laboratory reagents in small scale laboratories
Contributing Scenario (1) controlling e	nvironmental exposure for ERC 2
Operational conditions (referred to styrene)	
Daily amount used at site	45700 kg/day (referred to styrene)



	<u> </u>
Release times per year	300 days/year (justification: Continous release)
Local freshwater dilution factor	41
Local marine water dilution factor	100
Release fraction to air from process	0.102 %
Release fraction to wastewater from process	0.00063 %
Release fraction to soil from process	0.0025 %
Fraction tonnage to region	10 %
Fraction used at main source	60 %
STP	yes
River flow rate	18000 m³/day
Municipal sewage treatment plant discharge	2000000 L/day
Other modified EUSES values (referred to styre	ne)
Fraction released to agricultural soil (Femis.agric)	0 % (justification: No direct release to soil (EU Risk Assessment Report on Styrene,European Communities, 2002)
Fraction released to industrial soil (Femis.ind)	0 % (justification: No direct release to soil (EU Risk Assessment Report on Styrene,European Communities, 2002))
Fraction released to waste water (Femis.water)	0.00063 % (justification: EU Risk Assessment Report, 2002)
Fraction released to air (Femis.air)	0.102 % (justification: EU Risk Assessment Report, 2002)
Fraction used at main source	60 % (justification: Value adopted to account for Worst-case European manufacturing site)
Fraction of emission directed to water by local STP (Fstp.water)	0.081 - (justification: Efficiency STP 91.9%)
Contributing Scenario (2) controlling in	ndustrial worker exposure for PROC 1
Name of contributing scenario	1 - Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure
Scenario subtitle	Use in contained batch processes. Closed processes
Qualitative Risk Assessment	
General	
	Use in semi-automated and predominantly enclosed filling lines. Provide a good standard of general ventilation. Natural ventilation is from windows and doors etc. Controlled ventilation means air is supplied or removed by a powered fan. Ensure good work practices are implemented. Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Use suitable eye protection.
Product characteristics	lines. Provide a good standard of general ventilation. Natural ventilation is from windows and doors etc. Controlled ventilation means air is supplied or removed by a powered fan. Ensure good work practices are implemented. Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.
Product characteristics Physical state	lines. Provide a good standard of general ventilation. Natural ventilation is from windows and doors etc. Controlled ventilation means air is supplied or removed by a powered fan. Ensure good work practices are implemented. Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.



Europeitry / Dustiness	mo dive
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk	
Exposed skin surface	240 cm ²
Other given operational conditions aff	ecting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	enhanced (>30%)
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to	control dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	no
Conditions and measures related to pe sec.8 of SDS	ersonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	no
Contributing Scenario (3) contr	olling industrial worker exposure for PROC 3
Name of contributing scenario	3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)
Scenario subtitle	Bulk transfers. Receipt and storage of raw materials in bulk or as packed goods, indoor and outdoor; Raw material assembly and charging; dispensing of liquids and solids via pipeline;
Qualitative Risk Assessment	
General	Use in semi-automated and predominantly enclosed filling lines; Use bulk or semi-bulk handling systems. Drain down and flush system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur. Ensure good work practices are implemented. Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Use suitable eye protection.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	<u> </u>
1 3	
Duration of activity	15 min1 hour



Human factors not influenced by risk r	nanagement
Exposed skin surface	240 cm ²
Other given operational conditions affe	ecting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	enhanced (>30%)
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to c	ontrol dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	Yes
Conditions and measures related to per sec.8 of SDS	rsonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	no
Local exhaust ventilation	Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness
Contributing Scenario (4) contro	olling industrial worker exposure for PROC 3
Name of contributing scenario	3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)
Scenario subtitle	Dissolving linear UP/VE polymer in blending vessel (or dissolver)
Qualitative Risk Assessment	
General	Use in semi-automated and predominantly enclosed filling lines; Drain down and flush system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Apply vessel entry procedures including use of forced supplied air. Ensure good work practices are implemented. Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Use suitable eye protection.
Product characteristics	-
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	•
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk r	nanagement
Exposed skin surface	240 cm ²
Other given operational conditions affe	cting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	good (30%)



Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to co	ontrol dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	no
Conditions and measures related to pers	sonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	no
Contributing Scenario (5) control	lling industrial worker exposure for PROC 3
Name of contributing scenario	3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)
Scenario subtitle	Equipment cleaning and maintenance. Cleaning and maintenance of blending vessel, roadtankers etc.
Qualitative Risk Assessment	
General	Use in semi-automated and predominantly enclosed filling lines. Drain or remove substance from equipment prior to break-in or maintenance. Provide a good standard of general or controlled ventilation (5 to 15 air changes per hour). Minimise exposure by partial enclosure of the operation or equipment and provide extract ventilation at openings. Ensure good work practices are implemented. Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Use suitable eye protection. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk m	
Exposed skin surface	240 cm^2
Other given operational conditions affect	eting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	good (30%)
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to co	ontrol dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	yes



Conditions and measures related to per sec.8 of SDS	sonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur
Local exhaust ventilation	Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness
Contributing Scenario (6) contro	lling industrial worker exposure for PROC 4
Name of contributing scenario	4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises
Scenario subtitle	Material transfers. All internal transport. Raw material assembly and charging / raw material dispensing of liquids and solids manually from bulk storage or packed goods into blending tank.
Qualitative Risk Assessment	
General	Provide a good standard of general or controlled ventilation (5 to 15 air changes per hour). Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur. Ensure good work practices are implemented. Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Use suitable eye protection. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk m	nanagement
Exposed skin surface	480 cm ²
Other given operational conditions affections	cting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	Good (>30%)
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to co	ontrol dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	yes
Conditions and measures related to per sec.8 of SDS	sonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur



Local exhaust ventilation	Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness
Contributing Scenario (7) controll	ing industrial worker exposure for PROC 4
Name of contributing scenario	4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises
Scenario subtitle	Process sampling.
Qualitative Risk Assessment	
General	Provide a good standard of general or controlled ventilation (5 to 15 air changes per hour): Avoid dip sampling. Ensure good work practices are implemented. Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Use suitable eye protection. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	,
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	15 min1 hour
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk ma	nagement
Exposed skin surface	480 cm ²
Other given operational conditions affect	ing workers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	Good (>30%)
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to con	ntrol dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	yes
Conditions and measures related to person sec.8 of SDS	onal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur
Local exhaust ventilation	Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness
Contributing Scenario (8) controll	ing industrial worker exposure for PROC 5
Name of contributing scenario	5 - Mixing or blending in batch processes (multistage and/or significant contact)



Scenario subtitle	Drum/batch transfers; Pouring from small containers; Transfer from/pouring from containers; Mixing operations (open systems). Mixing liquid and solid components / into final formulated resin in blending vessel
Qualitative Risk Assessment	
General	Provide a good standard of general or controlled ventilation (5 to 15 air changes per hour). Keep lids of containers closed during blending. Ensure good work practices are implemented. Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Use suitable eye protection. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100%
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk m	nanagement
Exposed skin surface	480 cm ²
Other given operational conditions affect	cting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to co	ontrol dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	yes
Conditions and measures related to per sec.8 of SDS	sonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)
Contributing Scenario (9) contro	lling industrial worker exposure for PROC 8A
Name of contributing scenario	8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at non dedicated facilities
Scenario subtitle	Equipment cleaning and maintenance. Cleaning and maintenance of pipes, pumps, filters, etc.
Qualitative Risk Assessment	



Product characteristics Physical state Concentration in substance Fugacity / Dustiness Frequency and duration of use Ouration of activity Frequency of use Exposed skin surface Other given operational conditions affecting work Cocation Formation Formatio	0 cm ² ers exposure
Concentration in substance Fugacity / Dustiness Frequency and duration of use Duration of activity Frequency of use Fugacity / Dustiness Frequency and duration of use Duration of activity Frequency of use Fugacity / Dustiness Frequency and duration of use Duration of activity Frequency of use Frequency of use Fugacity / Dustiness Frequency and duration of use Frequency and use a	hours (default) days / week t 00 cm² ers exposure
Concentration in substance Tugacity / Dustiness Trequency and duration of use Ouration of activity Trequency of use Suman factors not influenced by risk management exposed skin surface Other given operational conditions affecting work execution Comain Technical conditions and measures to control disputations and measures related to personal protections.	hours (default) days / week t 00 cm² ers exposure
requency and duration of use Ouration of activity requency of use Supposed skin surface Other given operational conditions affecting work Cocation Comain Cechnical conditions and measures to control displaced exhaust ventilation Conditions and measures related to personal protections Conditions and measures related to personal protections	hours (default) days / week t 0 cm² ers exposure
Puration of activity Prequency of use Suman factors not influenced by risk management exposed skin surface Other given operational conditions affecting work execution Comain Cechnical conditions and measures to control disputocal exhaust ventilation Conditions and measures related to personal protections.	hours (default) days / week t 0 cm² ers exposure
Duration of activity Frequency of use Suman factors not influenced by risk management (Exposed skin surface) Other given operational conditions affecting work (Cocation) Formalin Fechnical conditions and measures to control displayed (Conditions and measures related to personal protections)	days / week t 0 cm² ers exposure
Trequency of use 5 of Muman factors not influenced by risk management exposed skin surface 96 octation incocation incomain incomain incocation and measures to control displaced exhaust ventilation yes conditions and measures related to personal protections.	days / week t 0 cm² ers exposure
Auman factors not influenced by risk management exposed skin surface Other given operational conditions affecting work execution Comain Cechnical conditions and measures to control displayed execution Conditions and measures related to personal protections.	t 0 cm ² ers exposure
Other given operational conditions affecting work Occation inc Oomain inc Cechnical conditions and measures to control disp occal exhaust ventilation ye Conditions and measures related to personal protections	0 cm ² ers exposure
Other given operational conditions affecting work occation incomain incomain incomain incomain incomain incomain year. Conditions and measures to control displayed a conditions and measures related to personal protections.	ers exposure
Conditions and measures to control displayed and explain year of the conditions and measures to personal protections and measures related to personal protections.	•
Comain incommendation in the Conditions and measures to control displayed to conditions and measures related to personal protections.	
Conditions and measures to control displaced exhaust ventilation Conditions and measures related to personal protections.	doors
ocal exhaust ventilation ye Conditions and measures related to personal prote	dustrial
Conditions and measures related to personal prote	ersion and exposure
	S
	ection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
rotective gloves G	oves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection Us	se respiratory protection when exposure occurs
	halation: 70 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation th adequate effectiveness)
Contributing Scenario (10) controlling inc	dustrial worker exposure for PROC 8A
	- Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers non dedicated facilities
Ha W re:	sposal of wastes. andling of non cured waste; aste management / handling and storage of waste for moval for off-site treatment or for on-site treatment like cineration and/or biological waste water treatment
Qualitative Risk Assessment	



General	Provide a good standard of general ventilation. Controlled ventilation means air is supplied or removed by a
	powered fan.
	Ensure good work practices are implemented
	Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures
	Dispose of empty containers and wastes safely.
	Dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation.
	Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.
	In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory
	protection with adeguate effectiveness. Use suitable eye protection.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	<1 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk man	nagement
Exposed skin surface	960 cm ²
Other given operational conditions affection	ng workers exposure
Location	Indoors/outdoor
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to con-	trol dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	no
Conditions and measures related to person sec.8 of SDS	nal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur
Contributing Scenario (11) control	ling industrial worker exposure for PROC 8b
Name of contributing scenario	8b -Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at dedicated facilities
Scenario subtitle	Bulk transfers. All activities related to transport finished product to
	customer.
	Dispensing final UP/VE resin (linear UP/VE polymer + styrene + additives) into roadtanker
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·



General	Fill containers/cans at dedicated fill points supplied with local extract ventilation.
	Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize
	exposures
	Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.
	Use suitable eye protection. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory
	protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk managen	nent
Exposed skin surface	960 cm^2
Other given operational conditions affecting we	orkers exposure
Location	indoors
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to control d	ispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	yes
Conditions and measures related to personal pasec.8 of SDS	rotection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 70 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)
Contributing Scenario (12) controlling	industrial worker exposure for PROC 9
Name of contributing scenario	9 -Transfer of chemicals into small containers (dedicated filling line)
Scenario subtitle	Bulk transfers. All activities related to transport finished product to customer. Dispensing final UP/VE resin (linear UP/VE polymer + styrene + additives) / into storage tank, IBC, drum or pail.
Qualitative Risk Assessment	



General	Fill containers/cans at dedicated fill points supplied with local extract ventilation. Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures
	Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Use suitable eye protection.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk manager	nent
Exposed skin surface	480 cm ²
Other given operational conditions affecting we	orkers exposure
Location	indoors
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to control d	lispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	yes
Conditions and measures related to personal pasec.8 of SDS	rotection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	no
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)
Contributing Scenario (13) controlling	industrial worker exposure for PROC 15
Name of contributing scenario	15 - Use of laboratory reagents in small scale laboratories
Scenario subtitle	Laboratory activities. All laboratory activities. Quality control work of samples from reactor and blending vessel. R&D work including handling of samples from 1 kg to 1 drum.
Qualitative Risk Assessment	
General	Carry out in a vented booth or extracted enclosure. Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.
Product characteristics	



Physical state	liquid	
Concentration in substance	100 %	
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium	
Frequency and duration of use		
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)	
Frequency of use	5 days / week	
Human factors not influenced by risk management		
Exposed skin surface	240 cm ²	
Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure		
Location	indoors	
Domain	industrial	
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure		
Local exhaust ventilation	yes	
Conditions and measures related to personal pasec.8 of SDS	rotection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on	
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %	
Respiratory protection	no	
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)	



Scenario 2: FRP manufacturing in an industrial setting, using UP/VE resins and/or formulated resins (gelcoat, bonding paste, putty etc.) (ES2)

This scenario is described by the following combinations of use descriptors. The corresponding contributing scenarios are described in the respective subchapters.

An overall exposure scenario may be described by a number of contributing scenarios which may be subdivided into environmental exposure, worker exposure and consumer exposure.

The following scenarios contribute to the scenario FRP manufacturing in an industrial setting, using UP/VE resins and/or formulated resins (gelcoat, bonding paste, putty etc.).

This document has been prepared using REACH-Practical-Guide-on-Safe-Use-Information-for-Mixtures-under-REACH-The-LCID-Methodology, considering exposure scenario of relevant raw materials contained in the mixture.

The corresponding release to the environment, exposure of workers resulting from these contributing scenarios is summarized below.

Table 2. Description of ES 2

Table 2. Description of E5 2	
Free short title	FRP manufacturing in an industrial setting, using UP/VE resins and/or formulated resins (gelcoat, bonding paste, putty etc.) (ES2)
Systematic title based on use descriptor	ERC 6D; PROC 3, 5, 7, 8A, 10, 13, 14, 15
Name of contributing environmental scenario and corresponding ERC	ERC 6d Production of resins
Name(s) of contributing worker scenarios and corresponding PROCs	PROC 3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)
	PROC 5 - Mixing or blending in batch processes (multistage and/or significant contact)
	PROC 7 - Industrial spraying
	PROC 8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at non dedicated facilities
	PROC 10 - Roller application or brushing
	PROC 13 - Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring
	PROC 14 - Production of preparations or articles by tabletting, compression, extrusion, pelletisation
	PROC 15 - Use of laboratory reagents in small scale laboratories
Contributing Scenario (1) controlling e	nvironmental exposure for ERC 6D
Operational conditions (referred to styrene)	
Daily amount used at site	161000 kg/day (referred to styrene)
Release times per year	300 days/year (justification: Continous release)
Local freshwater dilution factor	10



T1	100
Local marine water dilution factor	100
Release fraction to air from process	0.102 %
Release fraction to wastewater from process	0.00063 %
Release fraction to soil from process	0.025 %
Fraction tonnage to region	10 %
Fraction used at main source	60 %
STP	yes
River flow rate	18000 m ³ /day
Municipal sewage treatment plant discharge	2000000 L/day
Other modified EUSES values	
Fraction released to agricultural soil (Femis.agric)	0 % (justification: No direct release to soil (EU Risk Assessment Report on Styrene,European Communities, 2002))
Fraction released to industrial soil (Femis.ind)	0 % (justification: No direct release to soil (EU Risk Assessment Report on Styrene,European Communities, 2002))
Fraction released to waste water (Femis.water)	0.00063 % (justification: EU Risk Assessment Report, 2002)
Fraction released to air (Femis.air)	0.102 % (justification: EU Risk Assessment Report, 2002)
Fraction used at main source	60 % (justification: Value adopted to account for Worst-case European manufacturing site)
Fraction of emission directed to water by local STP (Fstp.water)	0.081 - (justification: Efficiency STP 91.9%)
Contributing Scenario (2) controlling in	ndustrial worker exposure for PROC 3
	ndustrial worker exposure for PROC 3 3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)
Contributing Scenario (2) controlling in	
Contributing Scenario (2) controlling in Name of contributing scenario	3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) Material transfers; Automated process with (semi) closed systems; Use in contained batch processes. Resin injection and transfer processes, such as vacuüm
Contributing Scenario (2) controlling in Name of contributing scenario Scenario subtitle	3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) Material transfers; Automated process with (semi) closed systems; Use in contained batch processes. Resin injection and transfer processes, such as vacuüm
Contributing Scenario (2) controlling in Name of contributing scenario Scenario subtitle Qualitative Risk Assessment	3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) Material transfers; Automated process with (semi) closed systems; Use in contained batch processes. Resin injection and transfer processes, such as vacuüm infusion, RTM, impregnation of sewer relining sleeves Put lids on containers immediately after use. Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection.
Contributing Scenario (2) controlling in Name of contributing scenario Scenario subtitle Qualitative Risk Assessment General	3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) Material transfers; Automated process with (semi) closed systems; Use in contained batch processes. Resin injection and transfer processes, such as vacuüm infusion, RTM, impregnation of sewer relining sleeves Put lids on containers immediately after use. Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection.
Contributing Scenario (2) controlling in Name of contributing scenario Scenario subtitle Qualitative Risk Assessment General Product characteristics	3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) Material transfers; Automated process with (semi) closed systems; Use in contained batch processes. Resin injection and transfer processes, such as vacuüm infusion, RTM, impregnation of sewer relining sleeves Put lids on containers immediately after use. Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.
Contributing Scenario (2) controlling in Name of contributing scenario Scenario subtitle Qualitative Risk Assessment General Product characteristics Physical state	3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) Material transfers; Automated process with (semi) closed systems; Use in contained batch processes. Resin injection and transfer processes, such as vacuüm infusion, RTM, impregnation of sewer relining sleeves Put lids on containers immediately after use. Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.
Contributing Scenario (2) controlling in Name of contributing scenario Scenario subtitle Qualitative Risk Assessment General Product characteristics Physical state Concentration in substance	3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) Material transfers; Automated process with (semi) closed systems; Use in contained batch processes. Resin injection and transfer processes, such as vacuüm infusion, RTM, impregnation of sewer relining sleeves Put lids on containers immediately after use. Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. liquid 100 %



Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk ma	anagement
Exposed skin surface	240 cm ²
Other given operational conditions affec	ting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	good (30%)
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to co	ntrol dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	no
Conditions and measures related to pers sec.8 of SDS	onal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	no
Contributing Scenario (3) control	ling industrial worker exposure for PROC 3
Name of contributing scenario	3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)
Scenario subtitle	Material transfers. Product delivery/storage - delivery of bulk and packaged products - outdoor / indoor
Qualitative Risk Assessment	
General	Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk ma	anagement
Exposed skin surface	240 cm ²
Other given operational conditions affec	ting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	good (30%)
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to co	ntrol dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	no



Conditions and measures related to personal p sec.8 of SDS	rotection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	no
Contributing Scenario (4) controlling i	ndustrial worker exposure for PROC 5
Name of contributing scenario	5 - Mixing or blending in batch processes (multistage and/or significant contact)
Scenario subtitle	Drum/batch transfers; Pouring from small containers; Transfer from/pouring from containers; Mixing operations (open systems). Loading of mixing equipment; Preparation of material for application; (liquid products) - batch, indoor
Qualitative Risk Assessment	
General	Put lids on containers immediately after use. Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk manager	ment
Exposed skin surface	480 cm^2
Other given operational conditions affecting w	orkers exposure
Location	indoors
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to control of	lispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	yes
Conditions and measures related to personal p sec.8 of SDS	rotection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)



	olling industrial worker exposure for PROC 5
Name of contributing scenario	5 - Mixing or blending in batch processes (multistage and/or significant contact)
Scenario subtitle	Casting operations; Mixing operations (open systems). Casting and mixing operations in (semi-) open containers. Examples are centrifugal casting, casting of polymer concrete and artificial marble and the manufacturing of SMC / BMC/ TMC, etc
Qualitative Risk Assessment	
General	Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	5-60%
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk	management
Exposed skin surface	480 cm^2
Other given operational conditions aff	ecting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to	control dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	yes
Conditions and measures related to pe sec.8 of SDS	ersonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure occur
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)
Contributing Scenario (6) contr	olling industrial worker exposure for PROC 5
Name of contributing scenario	5 - Mixing or blending in batch processes (multistage and/or significant contact)



Scenario subtitle	General exposures (closed systems). Mixing liquid and solid components / into final formulated resin in blending vessel; Examples are gelcoat blending and compounding, formulation of repair putties, bonding pastes, chemical anchoring, etc
Qualitative Risk Assessment	
General	Put lids on containers immediately after use. Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk	management
Exposed skin surface	480 cm ²
Other given operational conditions at	fecting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	enhanced (70%)
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to	control dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	Yes
Conditions and measures related to p sec.8 of SDS	ersonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 70 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)
Contributing Scenario (7) cont	rolling industrial worker exposure for PROC 7
Name of contributing scenario	7 - Industrial spraying
Scenario subtitle	Spraying; Spraying (automatic/robotic) All open mould applications where resins is applied by automated spraying or by robot in a spray cabin without direct worker involvement. Examples are spray lamination, gelcoat spraying and "chop-hoop" filament winding



Qualitative Risk Assessment	
General	Ensure the ventilation system is regularly maintained and tested Dispose of empty containers and wastes safely Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin Use suitable eye protection. Wear suitable face shield Wear chemically resistant gloves tested to EN374, in combination with intensive management supervision control. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk manag	ement
Exposed skin surface	1,500 cm ²
Other given operational conditions affecting	workers exposure
Location	indoors
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to control	dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	Yes
Conditions and measures related to personal sec.8 of SDS	protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur
Carry out in a vented booth or extracted enclosure	inhalation: 95 % (justification: Carry out in a vented booth or extracted enclosure)
Contributing Scenario (8) controlling	industrial worker exposure for PROC 7
Name of contributing scenario	7 - Industrial spraying
Scenario subtitle	Spraying; Spraying (manually) All open mould applications where resins is applied by manual spraying in an open work environement. Examples are spray lamination, gelcoat spraying and "chop-hoop" filament winding
Qualitative Risk Assessment	



Qualitative Risk Assessment	Equipment orealing and manicenative
Scenario subtitle	Equipment maintenance; Maintenance of small items. Equipment cleaning and maintenance
Name of contributing scenario	8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at non dedicated facilities
Contributing Scenario (9) contro	olling industrial worker exposure for PROC 8A
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 95 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)
Respiratory protection	Yes
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Conditions and measures related to persec.8 of SDS	rsonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Local exhaust ventilation	Yes
Technical conditions and measures to o	control dispersion and exposure
Domain	industrial
Ventilation	good (30%)
Location	indoors
Other given operational conditions affe	ecting workers exposure
Exposed skin surface	1,500 cm ²
Human factors not influenced by risk r	
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency and duration of use	I
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Concentration in substance	100 %
Physical state	liquid
Product characteristics	I
	Use suitable eye protection. Wear suitable face shield. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin Wear chemically resistant gloves tested to EN374 in combination with intensive management supervision control. Wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
General	Carefully pour from containers Use long handled tools where possible Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures



	Drain or remove substance from equipment prior to break-in or maintenance. Ensure good work practices are implemented
	Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize
	exposures Use suitable eye protection.
	Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.
	Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.
	In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
roduct characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Sugacity / Dustiness	medium
requency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
requency of use	5 days / week
Iuman factors not influenced by risk mana	gement
exposed skin surface	960 cm ²
Other given operational conditions affecting	g workers exposure
ocation	indoors
Oomain	industrial
Sechnical conditions and measures to contr	ol dispersion and exposure
ocal exhaust ventilation	Yes
Conditions and measures related to persona ec.8 of SDS	al protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
rotective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur
ocal exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 70 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)
Contributing Scenario (10) controlli	ng industrial worker exposure for PROC 8A
Name of contributing scenario	8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at non dedicated facilities
cenario subtitle	Disposal of wastes. Handling of non cured waste; Waste management / handling and storage of waste for removal for off-site treatment or for on-site treatment like incineration and/or biological waste water treatment
Qualitative Risk Assessment	



Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. In ease of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness. Product characteristics Physical state liquid Concentration in substance 100 % Fugacity / Dustiness medium Frequency and duration of use Duration of activity 24 hours (default) Frequency of use 5 days / week Human factors not influenced by risk management Exposed skin surface 960 cm² Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure Location Indoors/outdoor Domain industrial Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure Local exhaust ventilation Yes Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on see. 8 of SDS Protective gloves Gloves APF 5 80 % Respiratory protection Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness) Contributing Scenario (11) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 10 Name of contributing scenario 10 - Roller application or brushing Scenario subtitle Rolling, Brushing; Roller; spreader, flow application All open mould applications where resins is applied by brushing, rolling and other low energy spreading operatior Examples are handlamination, gelcoatbrushing, filament winding		
Physical state Concentration in substance Fugacity / Dustiness medium Frequency and duration of use Duration of activity >4 hours (default) Frequency of use 5 days / week Human factors not influenced by risk management Exposed skin surface 960 cm²	General	Contain and dispose of waste according to local regulations Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory
Concentration in substance Fugacity / Dustiness medium Frequency and duration of use Duration of activity >4 hours (default) Frequency of use Duration of activity >4 hours (default) Frequency of use 5 days / week	Product characteristics	
Fugacity / Dustiness medium Frequency and duration of use Duration of activity >4 hours (default) Frequency of use 5 days / week Human factors not influenced by risk management Exposed skin surface 960 cm² Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure Location Indoors/outdoor Domain industrial Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure Local exhaust ventilation Yes Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec.8 of SDS Protective gloves Gloves APF 5 80 % Respiratory protection Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness) Contributing Scenario (11) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 10 Name of contributing scenario Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application All open mould applications where resins is applied by brushing, rolling and other low energy spreading operation Examples are handlamination, gelcoatbrushing, filament winding	Physical state	liquid
Duration of activity >4 hours (default) Frequency of use 5 days / week Human factors not influenced by risk management Exposed skin surface 960 cm² Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure Location Indoors/outdoor Indoors/outdoor Industrial Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure Local exhaust ventilation Yes Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec. 8 of SDS Protective gloves Gloves APF 5 80 % Respiratory protection Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur Local exhaust ventilation inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness) Contributing Scenario (11) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 10 Name of contributing scenario 10 - Roller application or brushing Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application All open mould applications where resins is applied by brushing, rolling and other low energy spreading operation Examples are handlamination, gelcoatbrushing, filament winding	Concentration in substance	100 %
Duration of activity	Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency of use 5 days / week	Frequency and duration of use	·
Human factors not influenced by risk management Exposed skin surface 960 cm² Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure Location Indoors/outdoor Domain industrial Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure Local exhaust ventilation Yes Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on see.8 of SDS Protective gloves Gloves APF 5 80 % Respiratory protection Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur Local exhaust ventilation inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness) Contributing Scenario (11) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 10 Name of contributing scenario Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application All open mould applications where resins is applied by brushing, rolling and other low energy spreading operation Examples are handlamination, gelcoatbrushing, filament winding	Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Exposed skin surface Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure Location Indoors/outdoor Domain Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure Local exhaust ventilation Yes Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec.8 of SDS Protective gloves Gloves APF 5 80 % Respiratory protection Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur Local exhaust ventilation inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness) Contributing Scenario (11) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 10 Name of contributing scenario 10 - Roller application or brushing Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application All open mould applications where resins is applied by brushing, rolling and other low energy spreading operation Examples are handlamination, gelcoatbrushing, filament winding	Frequency of use	5 days / week
Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure Location Indoors/outdoor Domain industrial Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure Local exhaust ventilation Yes Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec. 8 of SDS Protective gloves Gloves APF 5 80 % Respiratory protection Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness) Contributing Scenario (11) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 10 Name of contributing scenario 10 - Roller application or brushing Scenario subtitle Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application All open mould applications where resins is applied by brushing, rolling and other low energy spreading operation Examples are handlamination, gelcoatbrushing, filament winding	Human factors not influenced by risk n	nanagement
Location Indoors/outdoor Domain industrial Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure Local exhaust ventilation Yes Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec.8 of SDS Protective gloves Gloves APF 5 80 % Respiratory protection Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur Local exhaust ventilation inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness) Contributing Scenario (11) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 10 Name of contributing scenario 10 - Roller application or brushing Scenario subtitle Roller, spreader, flow application All open mould applications where resins is applied by brushing, rolling and other low energy spreading operation Examples are handlamination, gelcoatbrushing, filament winding	Exposed skin surface	960 cm ²
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure Local exhaust ventilation Yes Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec.8 of SDS Protective gloves Gloves APF 5 80 % Respiratory protection Local exhaust ventilation Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness) Contributing Scenario (11) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 10 Name of contributing scenario Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application All open mould applications where resins is applied by brushing, rolling and other low energy spreading operation Examples are handlamination, gelcoatbrushing, filament winding	Other given operational conditions affe	cting workers exposure
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure Local exhaust ventilation Yes Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec.8 of SDS Protective gloves Gloves APF 5 80 % Respiratory protection Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness) Contributing Scenario (11) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 10 Name of contributing scenario Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application All open mould applications where resins is applied by brushing, rolling and other low energy spreading operation Examples are handlamination, gelcoatbrushing, filament winding	Location	Indoors/outdoor
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec.8 of SDS Protective gloves Respiratory protection Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness) Contributing Scenario (11) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 10 Name of contributing scenario Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application All open mould applications where resins is applied by brushing, rolling and other low energy spreading operation Examples are handlamination, gelcoatbrushing, filament winding	Domain	industrial
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec. 8 of SDS Protective gloves Gloves APF 5 80 % Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness) Contributing Scenario (11) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 10 Name of contributing scenario 10 - Roller application or brushing Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application All open mould applications where resins is applied by brushing, rolling and other low energy spreading operation Examples are handlamination, gelcoatbrushing, filament winding	Technical conditions and measures to c	ontrol dispersion and exposure
Protective gloves Respiratory protection Local exhaust ventilation Contributing Scenario (11) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 10 Name of contributing scenario Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application All open mould applications where resins is applied by brushing, rolling and other low energy spreading operation Examples are handlamination, gelcoatbrushing, filament winding	Local exhaust ventilation	Yes
Respiratory protection Local exhaust ventilation Inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness) Contributing Scenario (11) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 10 Name of contributing scenario 10 - Roller application or brushing Scenario subtitle Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application All open mould applications where resins is applied by brushing, rolling and other low energy spreading operation Examples are handlamination, gelcoatbrushing, filament winding	Conditions and measures related to per sec.8 of SDS	sonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Local exhaust ventilation inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness) Contributing Scenario (11) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 10 Name of contributing scenario 10 - Roller application or brushing Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application All open mould applications where resins is applied by brushing, rolling and other low energy spreading operation Examples are handlamination, gelcoatbrushing, filament winding	Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Contributing Scenario (11) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 10 Name of contributing scenario 10 - Roller application or brushing Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application All open mould applications where resins is applied by brushing, rolling and other low energy spreading operation Examples are handlamination, gelcoatbrushing, filament winding	Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur
Name of contributing scenario 10 - Roller application or brushing Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application All open mould applications where resins is applied by brushing, rolling and other low energy spreading operation Examples are handlamination, gelcoatbrushing, filament winding	Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)
Scenario subtitle Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application All open mould applications where resins is applied by brushing, rolling and other low energy spreading operation Examples are handlamination, gelcoatbrushing, filament winding	Contributing Scenario (11) contr	olling industrial worker exposure for PROC 10
Roller, spreader, flow application All open mould applications where resins is applied by brushing, rolling and other low energy spreading operation Examples are handlamination, gelcoatbrushing, filament winding	Name of contributing scenario	10 - Roller application or brushing
Qualitative Risk Assessment	Scenario subtitle	Roller, spreader, flow application All open mould applications where resins is applied by brushing, rolling and other low energy spreading operations; Examples are handlamination, gelcoatbrushing, filament
	Qualitative Risk Assessment	



Ensure the ventilation system is regularly maintained and tested Dispose of empty containers and wastes safely Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin in case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness. Product characteristics Physical state liquid		
Physical state liquid Concentration in substance 100 % Fugacity / Dustiness medium Frequency and duration of use Duration of activity >4 hours (default) Frequency of use 5 days / week Human factors not influenced by risk management Exposed skin surface 960 cm² Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure Location indoors Ventilation enhanced (70%) Domain industrial Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure Local exhaust ventilation Yes Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec.8 of SDS Protective gloves Gloves APF 5 80 % Respiratory protection Use respiratory protection when exposure occur Local exhaust ventilation inhalation: 70 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness) Contributing Scenario (12) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 10 Name of contributing scenario 10 - Roller application or brushing Scenario subtitle Dipping, immersion and pouring; Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application of bonding pastes / adhesives.	General	Ensure the ventilation system is regularly maintained and tested Dispose of empty containers and wastes safely Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory
Concentration in substance Fugacity / Dustiness medium Frequency and duration of use Duration of activity >4 hours (default) Frequency of use 5 days / week Human factors not influenced by risk management Exposed skin surface 960 cm² Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure Location indoors Ventilation Domain Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure Local exhaust ventilation Yes Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec.8 of SDS Protective gloves Gloves APF 5 80 % Respiratory protection Local exhaust ventilation Use respiratory protection when exposure occur inhalation: 70 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness) Contributing Scenario (12) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 10 Name of contributing scenario 10 - Roller application or brushing Dipping, immersion and pouring; Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application Application of repair putties; Application of bonding pastes / adhesives.	Product characteristics	
Fugacity / Dustiness medium Frequency and duration of use Duration of activity >4 hours (default) Frequency of use 5 days / week Human factors not influenced by risk management Exposed skin surface 960 cm² Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure Location indoors Ventilation enhanced (70%) Domain industrial Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure Local exhaust ventilation Yes Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec.8 of SDS Protective gloves Gloves APF 5 80 % Respiratory protection Use respiratory protection when exposure occur inhalation: 70 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness) Contributing Scenario (12) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 10 Name of contributing scenario 10 - Roller application or brushing Scenario subtitle Dipping, immersion and pouring; Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application of bonding pastes / adhesives.	Physical state	liquid
Frequency and duration of use Duration of activity >4 hours (default) Frequency of use 5 days / week Human factors not influenced by risk management Exposed skin surface 960 cm² Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure Location indoors Ventilation enhanced (70%) Domain industrial Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure Local exhaust ventilation Yes Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec.8 of SDS Protective gloves Gloves APF 5 80 % Respiratory protection Use respiratory protection when exposure occur inhalation: 70 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness) Contributing Scenario (12) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 10 Name of contributing scenario Dipping, immersion and pouring; Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application of bonding pastes / adhesives.	Concentration in substance	100 %
Duration of activity Pathours (default) Frequency of use 5 days / week Human factors not influenced by risk management Exposed skin surface 960 cm² Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure Location indoors Ventilation Domain industrial Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure Local exhaust ventilation Yes Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec.8 of SDS Protective gloves Gloves APF 5 80 % Respiratory protection Use respiratory protection when exposure occur inhalation: 70 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness) Contributing Scenario (12) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 10 Name of contributing scenario Dipping, immersion and pouring; Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application of bonding pastes / adhesives.	Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency of use 5 days / week Human factors not influenced by risk management Exposed skin surface 960 cm² Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure Location indoors Ventilation enhanced (70%) Domain industrial Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure Local exhaust ventilation Yes Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec. 8 of SDS Protective gloves Gloves APF 5 80 % Respiratory protection Use respiratory protection when exposure occur Local exhaust ventilation inhalation: 70 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness) Contributing Scenario (12) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 10 Name of contributing scenario 10 - Roller application or brushing Scenario subtitle Dipping, immersion and pouring; Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application of bonding pastes / adhesives.	Frequency and duration of use	
Human factors not influenced by risk management Exposed skin surface 960 cm² Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure Location indoors Ventilation enhanced (70%) Domain industrial Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure Local exhaust ventilation Yes Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec.8 of SDS Protective gloves Gloves APF 5 80 % Respiratory protection Use respiratory protection when exposure occur Local exhaust ventilation inhalation: 70 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness) Contributing Scenario (12) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 10 Name of contributing scenario 10 - Roller application or brushing Scenario subtitle Dipping, immersion and pouring; Rolling, Brushing; Rolling, Brushing; Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application Application of repair putties; Application of bonding pastes / adhesives.	Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure Location indoors Ventilation enhanced (70%) Domain industrial Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure Local exhaust ventilation Yes Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec. 8 of SDS Protective gloves Gloves APF 5 80 % Respiratory protection Use respiratory protection when exposure occur inhalation: 70 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness) Contributing Scenario (12) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 10 Name of contributing scenario Dipping, immersion and pouring; Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application of bonding pastes / adhesives.	Frequency of use	5 days / week
Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure Location indoors Ventilation enhanced (70%) Domain industrial Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure Local exhaust ventilation Yes Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec.8 of SDS Protective gloves Gloves APF 5 80 % Respiratory protection Use respiratory protection when exposure occur inhalation: 70 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness) Contributing Scenario (12) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 10 Name of contributing scenario Dipping, immersion and pouring; Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application of bonding pastes / adhesives.	Human factors not influenced by risk mana	ngement
Location indoors Ventilation enhanced (70%) Domain industrial Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure Local exhaust ventilation Yes Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec.8 of SDS Protective gloves Gloves APF 5 80 % Respiratory protection Use respiratory protection when exposure occur Local exhaust ventilation inhalation: 70 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness) Contributing Scenario (12) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 10 Name of contributing scenario Dipping, immersion and pouring; Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application Application of repair putties; Application of bonding pastes / adhesives.	Exposed skin surface	960 cm ²
Ventilation enhanced (70%) Domain industrial Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure Local exhaust ventilation Yes Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec.8 of SDS Protective gloves Gloves APF 5 80 % Respiratory protection Use respiratory protection when exposure occur Local exhaust ventilation inhalation: 70 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness) Contributing Scenario (12) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 10 Name of contributing scenario Dipping, immersion and pouring; Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application of bonding pastes / adhesives.	Other given operational conditions affecting	g workers exposure
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure Local exhaust ventilation Yes Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec.8 of SDS Protective gloves Gloves APF 5 80 % Respiratory protection Use respiratory protection when exposure occur inhalation: 70 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness) Contributing Scenario (12) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 10 Name of contributing scenario 10 - Roller application or brushing Scenario subtitle Dipping, immersion and pouring; Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application of bonding pastes / adhesives.	Location	indoors
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure Local exhaust ventilation Yes Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec.8 of SDS Protective gloves Gloves APF 5 80 % Respiratory protection Use respiratory protection when exposure occur inhalation: 70 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness) Contributing Scenario (12) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 10 Name of contributing scenario 10 - Roller application or brushing Scenario subtitle Dipping, immersion and pouring; Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application Application of repair putties; Application of bonding pastes / adhesives.	Ventilation	enhanced (70%)
Local exhaust ventilation Yes Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec.8 of SDS Protective gloves Gloves APF 5 80 % Respiratory protection Use respiratory protection when exposure occur inhalation: 70 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness) Contributing Scenario (12) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 10 Name of contributing scenario 10 - Roller application or brushing Scenario subtitle Dipping, immersion and pouring; Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application Application of repair putties; Application of bonding pastes / adhesives.	Domain	industrial
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec.8 of SDS Protective gloves Gloves APF 5 80 % Respiratory protection Local exhaust ventilation inhalation: 70 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness) Contributing Scenario (12) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 10 Name of contributing scenario 10 - Roller application or brushing Scenario subtitle Dipping, immersion and pouring; Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application of bonding pastes / adhesives.	Technical conditions and measures to contr	ol dispersion and exposure
Protective gloves Respiratory protection Use respiratory protection when exposure occur inhalation: 70 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness) Contributing Scenario (12) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 10 Name of contributing scenario 10 - Roller application or brushing Scenario subtitle Dipping, immersion and pouring; Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application Application of repair putties; Application of bonding pastes / adhesives.	Local exhaust ventilation	Yes
Respiratory protection Local exhaust ventilation Contributing Scenario (12) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 10 Name of contributing scenario Scenario subtitle Dipping, immersion and pouring; Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application of bonding pastes / adhesives.	Conditions and measures related to persons sec.8 of SDS	al protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Local exhaust ventilation inhalation: 70 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness) Contributing Scenario (12) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 10 Name of contributing scenario 10 - Roller application or brushing Scenario subtitle Dipping, immersion and pouring; Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application Application of repair putties; Application of bonding pastes / adhesives.	Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Contributing Scenario (12) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 10 Name of contributing scenario 10 - Roller application or brushing Dipping, immersion and pouring; Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application Application of repair putties; Application of bonding pastes / adhesives.	Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure occur
Name of contributing scenario 10 - Roller application or brushing Dipping, immersion and pouring; Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application Application of repair putties; Application of bonding pastes / adhesives.	Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 70 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)
Scenario subtitle Dipping, immersion and pouring; Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application Application of repair putties; Application of bonding pastes / adhesives.	Contributing Scenario (12) controlli	ng industrial worker exposure for PROC 10
Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application Application of repair putties; Application of bonding pastes / adhesives.	Name of contributing scenario	10 - Roller application or brushing
Qualitative Risk Assessment	Scenario subtitle	Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application Application of repair putties; Application of bonding pastes
	Qualitative Risk Assessment	



Canaval	Engues good work protings are invalenced.
General	Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize
	exposures
	Use suitable eye protection.
	Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.
	Wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate
	effectiveness.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100%
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk n	nanagement
Exposed skin surface	960 cm ²
Other given operational conditions affe	cting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	enhanced (70%)
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to c	ontrol dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	Yes
Conditions and measures related to per sec.8 of SDS	sonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	yes
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 70 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)
Contributing Scenario (13) contr	olling industrial worker exposure for PROC 13
Name of contributing scenario	13 - Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring
Scenario subtitle	Dipping, immersion and pouring;
	Continuous processes. Continuous processes with open impregnation steps, such as
	pultrusion with open impregnation baths and (semi-)
	continuous production of flat laminates
Qualitative Risk Assessment	



General	Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk i	management
Exposed skin surface	480 cm ²
Other given operational conditions affor	ecting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to	control dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	yes
Conditions and measures related to pesec.8 of SDS	rsonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)
Contributing Scenario (14) contri	rolling industrial worker exposure for PROC 14
Name of contributing scenario	14 - Production of preparations or articles by tabletting, compression, extrusion, pelletisation
Scenario subtitle	Material transfers; Production or preparation or articles by tabletting, compression, extrusion or pelletisation; Treatment by heating; Batch processes at elevated temperatures. Processes where curing of UP / VE resins takes place at high temperature. Examples are pultrusion with injection dies and processing of SMC / BMC / TMC, etc
Qualitative Risk Assessment	



General	Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures In case of potential exposure: Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100%
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk	management
Exposed skin surface	480 cm ²
Other given operational conditions af	fecting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	enhanced (70%)
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to	control dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	Yes
Conditions and measures related to posec.8 of SDS	ersonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 70 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)
Contributing Scenario (15) con	trolling industrial worker exposure for PROC 15
Name of contributing scenario	15 - Use of laboratory reagents in small scale laboratories
Scenario subtitle	Laboratory activities. Quality control work of samples from blending vessel; R&D work including handling of samples from 1 kg to 1 drum
Qualitative Risk Assessment	
General	Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.
Product characteristics	•
Physical state	liquid



Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk manage	ment
Exposed skin surface	240 cm ²
Other given operational conditions affecting w	vorkers exposure
Location	indoors
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to control	dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	Yes
Conditions and measures related to personal psec.8 of SDS	protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	No
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)



Scenario 3: FRP manufacturing in a professional setting, using UP/VE resins and/or formulated resins (gelcoat, bonding paste, putty etc.) (ES3)

This scenario is described by the following combinations of use descriptors. The corresponding contributing scenarios are described in the respective subchapters.

An overall exposure scenario may be described by a number of contributing scenarios which may be subdivided into environmental exposure, worker exposure and consumer exposure.

The following scenarios contribute to the scenario FRP manufacturing in a professional setting, using UP/VE resins and/or formulated resins (gelcoat, bonding paste, putty etc.).

This document has been prepared using REACH-Practical-Guide-on-Safe-Use-Information-for-Mixtures-under-REACH-The-LCID-Methodology, considering exposure scenario of relevant raw materials contained in the mixture.

The corresponding release to the environment, exposure of workers resulting from these contributing scenarios is summarized below.

Table 2. Description of ES 3

Free short title	FRP manufacturing in a professional setting, using UP/VE resins and/or formulated resins (gelcoat, bonding paste, putty etc.) (ES8)
Systematic title based on use descriptor	ERC 6C; PROC 3, 4, 5, 8A, 10, 11
Name of contributing environmental scenario and corresponding ERC	ERC 6c Production of plastics
Name(s) of contributing worker scenarios and corresponding PROCs	PROC 3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) PROC 4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC 5 - Mixing or blending in batch processes (multistage and/or significant contact) PROC 8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at non dedicated facilities PROC 10 - Roller application or brushing PROC 11 - Non industrial spraying

Contributing Scenario (1) controlling environmental exposure for ERC 6C	
Operational conditions (referred to styrene)	
Daily amount used at site	48300 kg/day (referred to styrene)
Release times per year	300 days/year (justification: Continous release)
Local freshwater dilution factor	10
Local marine water dilution factor	100
Release fraction to air from process	0.102 %
Release fraction to wastewater from process	0.000012 %



Release fraction to soil from process	0 %
Fraction tonnage to region	10 %
Fraction used at main source	60 %
STP	Yes
River flow rate	18000 m ³ /day
Municipal sewage treatment plant discharge	2000000 L/day
Other modified EUSES values	
Fraction released to agricultural soil (Femis.agric)	0 % (justification: No direct release to soil (EU Risk Assessment Report on Styrene,European Communities, 2002))
Fraction released to industrial soil (Femis.ind)	0 % (justification: No direct release to soil (EU Risk Assessment Report on Styrene, European Communities, 2002))
Fraction released to waste water (Femis.water)	0.000012 % (justification: EU Risk Assessment Report, 2002)
Fraction released to air (Femis.air)	0.102 % (justification: EU Risk Assessment Report, 2002)
Fraction used at main source	60 % (justification: Value adopted to account for worst-case European manufacturing site)
Fraction of emission directed to water by local STP (Fstp.water)	0.081 - (justification: Efficiency STP 91.9%)
Contributing Scenario (2) controlling p	rofessional worker exposure for PROC 3
Contributing Scenario (2) controlling p Name of contributing scenario	3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)
3 () 31	_
Name of contributing scenario	3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) Use in contained batch processes.
Name of contributing scenario Scenario subtitle	3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) Use in contained batch processes.
Name of contributing scenario Scenario subtitle Qualitative Risk Assessment	3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) Use in contained batch processes. Application of chemical anchoring Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures In case of potential exposure: Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory
Name of contributing scenario Scenario subtitle Qualitative Risk Assessment General	3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) Use in contained batch processes. Application of chemical anchoring Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures In case of potential exposure: Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory
Name of contributing scenario Scenario subtitle Qualitative Risk Assessment General Product characteristics	3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) Use in contained batch processes. Application of chemical anchoring Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures In case of potential exposure: Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Name of contributing scenario Scenario subtitle Qualitative Risk Assessment General Product characteristics Physical state	3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) Use in contained batch processes. Application of chemical anchoring Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures In case of potential exposure: Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Name of contributing scenario Scenario subtitle Qualitative Risk Assessment General Product characteristics Physical state Concentration in substance	3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) Use in contained batch processes. Application of chemical anchoring Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures In case of potential exposure: Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Name of contributing scenario Scenario subtitle Qualitative Risk Assessment General Product characteristics Physical state Concentration in substance Fugacity / Dustiness	3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) Use in contained batch processes. Application of chemical anchoring Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures In case of potential exposure: Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Name of contributing scenario Scenario subtitle Qualitative Risk Assessment General Product characteristics Physical state Concentration in substance Fugacity / Dustiness Frequency and duration of use	3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) Use in contained batch processes. Application of chemical anchoring Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures In case of potential exposure: Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness. liquid 100% medium
Name of contributing scenario Scenario subtitle Qualitative Risk Assessment General Product characteristics Physical state Concentration in substance Fugacity / Dustiness Frequency and duration of use Duration of activity	3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) Use in contained batch processes. Application of chemical anchoring Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures In case of potential exposure: Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness. liquid 100% medium >4 hours (default) 5 days / week



Other given operational conditions affecting v	vorkers exposure	
Location	outdoors (30%)	
Domain	professional	
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure		
Local exhaust ventilation	No	
Conditions and measures related to personal sec.8 of SDS	protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on	
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %	
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur	
Contributing Scenario (3) controlling	professional worker exposure for PROC 4	
Name of contributing scenario	4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises	
Scenario subtitle	Use in contained batch processes. Sewer relining operation	
Qualitative Risk Assessment		
General	Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.	
Product characteristics		
Physical state	liquid	
Concentration in substance	100 %	
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium	
Frequency and duration of use		
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)	
Frequency of use	5 days / week	
Human factors not influenced by risk manage	ement	
Exposed skin surface	480 cm^2	
Other given operational conditions affecting v	vorkers exposure	
Location	outdoors (30%)	
Domain	professional	
Technical conditions and measures to control	dispersion and exposure	
Local exhaust ventilation	No	
Conditions and measures related to personal sec.8 of SDS	protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on	
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %	
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs	



Name of contributing scenario	5 - Mixing or blending in batch processes (multistage and/or significant contact)
Scenario subtitle	Material transfers; Pouring from small containers. Preparation of material for application (liquids) - transfer of material from one container to another; Formulating / blending resins, gelcoats, bonding pastes, putties etc. in blending vessels
Qualitative Risk Assessment	
General	Use drum pumps. Put lids on containers immediately after use. Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	<u>'</u>
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk	management
Exposed skin surface	480 cm ²
Other given operational conditions af	fecting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	good (30%)
Domain	professional
Technical conditions and measures to	control dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	Yes
Conditions and measures related to posec.8 of SDS	ersonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs
Local exhaust ventilation	Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness



Name of contributing scenario	8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at non dedicated facilities
Scenario subtitle	Equipment maintenance;
	Maintenance of small items. Equipment cleaning and maintenance
	Equipment cleaning and maintenance
Qualitative Risk Assessment	
General	Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize
	exposures
	Use suitable eye protection.
	Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.
	In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory
	protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	15 mins to 1 hour
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk m	nanagement
Exposed skin surface	960 cm ²
Other given operational conditions affect	cting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	good (30%)
Domain	professional
Technical conditions and measures to co	ontrol dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	Yes
Conditions and measures related to per sec.8 of SDS	sonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur
Local exhaust ventilation	Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness
Contributing Scenario (6) contro	lling professional worker exposure for PROC 8A
Name of contributing scenario	8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at non dedicated facilities
Scenario subtitle	Disposal of wastes. Handling of non cured waste; Waste management / handling and storage of waste for removal for off-site treatment or for on-site treatment like incineration and/or biological waste water treatment
Qualitative Risk Assessment	<u>'</u>



General	Dispose of empty containers and wastes safely Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	15 mins to 1 hour
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk r	nanagement
Exposed skin surface	960 cm ²
Other given operational conditions affe	ecting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	good (30%)
Domain	professional
Technical conditions and measures to c	control dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	yes
Conditions and measures related to per sec.8 of SDS	rsonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs
Local exhaust ventilation	Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness
Contributing Scenario (7) contro	olling professional worker exposure for PROC 10
Name of contributing scenario	10 - Roller application or brushing
Scenario subtitle	Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application All open mould applications where resins is applied by brushing, rolling and other low energy spreading operations; Examples are handlamination, gelcoatbrushing, semicontinuous production of flat panels and laminates
Qualitative Risk Assessment	·



General	Use long handled brushes and rollers where possible Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk ma	anagement
Exposed skin surface	960 cm ²
Other given operational conditions affec	ting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	good (30%)
Domain	professional
Technical conditions and measures to co	ntrol dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	yes
Conditions and measures related to pers sec.8 of SDS	onal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs
Local exhaust ventilation	Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness
Contributing Scenario (8) control	ling professional worker exposure for PROC 10
Name of contributing scenario	10 - Roller application or brushing
Scenario subtitle	Dipping, immersion and pouring; Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application Application of repair putties; Application of bonding pastes / adhesives.



	Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. Wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate
 	Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.
General	Ensure good work practices are implemented
Qualitative Risk Assessment	Application of Hoorings, mastics, coatings, castings
Scenario subtitle	Dipping, immersion and pouring; Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application Application of floorings, mastics, coatings, castings
Name of contributing scenario	10 - Roller application or brushing
Contributing Scenario (9) contro	olling professional worker exposure for PROC 10
Respiratory protection	yes
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Conditions and measures related to per sec.8 of SDS	rsonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Local exhaust ventilation	no
Technical conditions and measures to c	ontrol dispersion and exposure
Domain	professional
Ventilation	good (30%)
Location	indoors
Other given operational conditions affe	
Exposed skin surface	960 cm ²
Human factors not influenced by risk n	
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Fugacity / Dustiness Frequency and duration of use	medium
Concentration in substance	100%
Physical state	liquid
Product characteristics	
	exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. Wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
General	Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures



Dhysical state	1: and 4
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk ma	anagement
Exposed skin surface	960 cm^2
Other given operational conditions affect	ting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	good (30%)
Domain	professional
Technical conditions and measures to co	ontrol dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	yes
Conditions and measures related to pers sec.8 of SDS	sonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	yes
Local exhaust ventilation	Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness
Contributing Scenario (10) contro	olling professional worker exposure for PROC 11
Name of contributing scenario	11 - Non industrial spraying
Scenario subtitle	Spraying; Spraying (manually) All open mould applications where resins is applied by manual spraying in an open work environement. Examples are spray lamination, gelcoat spraying and "chop-hoop"
1	filament winding
Qualitative Risk Assessment	
Qualitative Risk Assessment General	Keep people not involved in the activity, away from the operation Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Wear suitable face shield Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. Wear chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374, in combination with intensive management supervision control. Wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate
General	Keep people not involved in the activity, away from the operation Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Wear suitable face shield Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. Wear chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374, in combination with intensive management supervision control.
	Keep people not involved in the activity, away from the operation Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Wear suitable face shield Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. Wear chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374, in combination with intensive management supervision control. Wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate



Concentration in substance	100 %	
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium	
Frequency and duration of use		
Duration of activity	1 - 4 hours	
Frequency of use	5 days / week	
Human factors not influenced by risk manage	ment	
Exposed skin surface	1,500 cm ²	
Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure		
Location	indoors	
Ventilation	good (30%)	
Domain	professional	
Technical conditions and measures to control	dispersion and exposure	
Local exhaust ventilation	yes	
Conditions and measures related to personal psec.8 of SDS	protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on	
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %	
Respiratory protection	yes	
Local exhaust ventilation	Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness	